### 115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 2155

To promote economic growth, provide tailored regulatory relief, and enhance consumer protections, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 16, 2017

Mr. Crapo (for himself, Mr. Donnelly, Ms. Heitkamp, Mr. Tester, Mr. Warner, Mr. Corker, Mr. Scott, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Rounds, Mrs. McCaskill, Mr. Perdue, Mr. Manchin, Mr. Tillis, Mr. King, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Moran, Mr. Peters, Mr. Risch, and Mr. Bennet) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

# A BILL

To promote economic growth, provide tailored regulatory relief, and enhance consumer protections, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer
- 6 Protection Act".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—IMPROVING CONSUMER ACCESS TO MORTGAGE CREDIT

- Sec. 101. Minimum standards for residential mortgage loans.
- Sec. 102. Safeguarding access to habitat for humanity homes.
- Sec. 103. Exemption from appraisals of real property located in rural areas.
- Sec. 104. Home Mortgage Disclosure Act adjustment and study.
- Sec. 105. Credit union residential loans.
- Sec. 106. Eliminating barriers to jobs for loan originators.
- Sec. 107. Protecting access to manufactured homes.
- Sec. 108. Property Assessed Clean Energy financing.
- Sec. 109. Escrow requirements relating to certain consumer credit transactions.
- Sec. 110. No wait for lower mortgage rates.

# TITLE II—REGULATORY RELIEF AND PROTECTING CONSUMER ACCESS TO CREDIT

- Sec. 201. Capital simplification for qualifying community banks.
- Sec. 202. Limited exception for reciprocal deposits.
- Sec. 203. Community bank relief.
- Sec. 204. Removing naming restrictions.
- Sec. 205. Short form call reports.
- Sec. 206. Option for Federal savings associations to operate as covered savings associations.
- Sec. 207. Small bank holding company policy statement.
- Sec. 208. Application of the Expedited Funds Availability Act.
- Sec. 209. Mutual holding company dividend waivers.
- Sec. 210. Small public housing agencies.
- Sec. 211. Examination cycle.
- Sec. 212. National securities exchange regulatory parity.

# TITLE III—PROTECTIONS FOR VETERANS, CONSUMERS, AND HOMEOWNERS

- Sec. 301. Protecting consumers' credit.
- Sec. 302. Protecting veterans' credit.
- Sec. 303. Immunity from suit for disclosure of financial exploitation of senior citizens.
- Sec. 304. Restoration of the Protecting Tenants at Foreclosure Act of 2009.
- Sec. 305. Remediating lead and asbestos hazards.

# TITLE IV—TAILORING REGULATIONS FOR CERTAIN BANK HOLDING COMPANIES

- Sec. 401. Enhanced supervision and prudential standards for certain bank holding companies.
- Sec. 402. Supplementary leverage ratio for custodial banks.
- Sec. 403. Treatment of certain municipal obligations.

#### TITLE V—STUDIES

- Sec. 501. Treasury report on risks of cyber threats.
- Sec. 502. SEC study on algorithmic trading.

1	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
2	In this Act:
3	(1) Appropriate federal banking agency
4	COMPANY; DEPOSITORY INSTITUTION; DEPOSITORY
5	INSTITUTION HOLDING COMPANY.—The terms "ap-
6	propriate Federal banking agency", "company"
7	"depository institution", and "depository institution
8	holding company" have the meanings given those
9	terms in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
10	Act (12 U.S.C. 1813).
11	(2) Bank holding company.—The term
12	"bank holding company" has the meaning given the
13	term in section 2 of the Bank Holding Company Act
14	of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841).
15	TITLE I—IMPROVING CON-
16	SUMER ACCESS TO MORT-
17	GAGE CREDIT
18	SEC. 101. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR RESIDENTIAL MORT
19	GAGE LOANS.
20	Section 129C(b)(2) of the Truth in Lending Act (15
21	U.S.C. 1639c(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
22	following:
23	"(F) Safe Harbor.—
24	"(i) Definitions.—In this subpara-
25	graph—

1	"(I) the term 'covered institution'
2	means an insured depository institu-
3	tion or an insured credit union that,
4	together with its affiliates, has less
5	than \$10,000,000,000 in total consoli-
6	dated assets;
7	"(II) the term 'insured credit
8	union' has the meaning given the
9	term in section 101 of the Federal
10	Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752);
11	"(III) the term 'insured deposi-
12	tory institution' has the meaning
13	given the term in section 3 of the
14	Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
15	U.S.C. 1813);
16	"(IV) the term 'interest-only'
17	means that, under the terms of the
18	legal obligation, one or more of the
19	periodic payments may be applied
20	solely to accrued interest and not to
21	loan principal; and
22	"(V) the term 'negative amortiza-
23	tion' means payment of periodic pay-
24	ments that will result in an increase

1	in the principal balance under the
2	terms of the legal obligation.
3	"(ii) Safe Harbor.—In this sec-
4	tion—
5	"(I) the term 'qualified mort-
6	gage' includes any residential mort-
7	gage loan—
8	"(aa) that is originated and
9	retained in portfolio by a covered
10	institution;
11	"(bb) that is in compliance
12	with the limitations with respect
13	to prepayment penalties de-
14	scribed in subsections $(c)(1)$ and
15	(e)(3);
16	"(ce) that is in compliance
17	with the requirements of clause
18	(vii) of subparagraph (A);
19	"(dd) that does not have
20	negative amortization or interest-
21	only features; and
22	"(ee) for which the covered
23	institution considers and docu-
24	ments the debt, income, and fi-
25	nancial resources of the con-

1	sumer in accordance with clause
2	(iv); and
3	"(II) a residential mortgage loan
4	described in subclause (I) shall be
5	deemed to meet the requirements of
6	subsection (a).
7	"(iii) Exception for certain
8	TRANSFERS.—A residential mortgage loan
9	described in clause (ii)(I) shall not qualify
10	for the safe harbor under clause (ii) if the
11	legal title to the residential mortgage loan
12	is sold, assigned, or otherwise transferred
13	to another person unless the residential
14	mortgage loan is sold, assigned, or other-
15	wise transferred—
16	"(I) to another person by reason
17	of the bankruptcy or failure of a cov-
18	ered institution;
19	"(II) to a covered institution so
20	long as the loan is retained in port-
21	folio by the covered institution to
22	which the loan is sold, assigned, or
23	otherwise transferred; or
24	"(III) pursuant to a merger of a
25	covered institution with another per-

1	son or the acquisition of a covered in-
2	stitution by another person or of an-
3	other person by a covered institution,
4	so long as the loan is retained in port-
5	folio by the person to whom the loan
6	is sold, assigned, or otherwise trans-
7	ferred.
8	"(iv) Consideration and docu-
9	MENTATION REQUIREMENTS.—The consid-
10	eration and documentation requirements
11	described in clause (ii)(I)(ee) shall—
12	"(I) not be construed to require
13	compliance with, or documentation in
14	accordance with, appendix Q to part
15	1026 of title 12, Code of Federal Reg-
16	ulations, or any successor regulation;
17	and
18	"(II) be construed to permit mul-
19	tiple methods of documentation.".
20	SEC. 102. SAFEGUARDING ACCESS TO HABITAT FOR HU-
21	MANITY HOMES.
22	Section 129E(i)(2) of the Truth in Lending Act (15
23	U.S.C. 1639e(i)(2)) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and
2	(B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, and adjust-
3	ing the margins accordingly;
4	(2) in the matter preceding clause (i), as so re-
5	designated, by striking "For purposes of" and in-
6	serting the following:
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of"; and
8	(3) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(B) Rule of construction related
10	TO APPRAISAL DONATIONS.—If a fee appraiser
11	voluntarily donates appraisal services to an or-
12	ganization eligible to receive tax-deductible
13	charitable contributions, such voluntary dona-
14	tion shall be considered customary and reason-
15	able for the purposes of paragraph (1).".
16	SEC. 103. EXEMPTION FROM APPRAISALS OF REAL PROP-
17	ERTY LOCATED IN RURAL AREAS.
18	Title XI of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recov-
19	ery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (12 U.S.C. 3331 et
20	seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"SEC. 1127. EXEMPTION FROM APPRAISALS OF REAL ES-
22	TATE LOCATED IN RURAL AREAS.
23	"(a) Definition.—In this section, the term 'mort-
24	gage originator' has the meaning given the term in section
25	103 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602).

1	"(b) Appraisal Not Required.—Except as pro-
2	vided in subsection (d), notwithstanding any other provi-
3	sion of law, an appraisal in connection with a federally
4	related transaction involving real property or an interest
5	in real property is not required if—
6	"(1) the real property or interest in real prop-
7	erty is located in a rural area, as described in sec-
8	tion $1026.35(b)(2)(iv)(A)$ of title 12, Code of Fed-
9	eral Regulations;
10	"(2) not later than 3 days after the date on
11	which the Closing Disclosure Form, made in accord-
12	ance with the final rule of the Bureau of Consumer
13	Financial Protection entitled 'Integrated Mortgage
14	Disclosures Under the Real Estate Settlement Pro-
15	cedures Act (Regulation X) and the Truth in Lend-
16	ing Act (Regulation Z)' (78 Fed. Reg. 79730 (De-
17	cember 31, 2013)), relating to the federally related
18	transaction is given to the consumer, the mortgage
19	originator or its agent, directly or indirectly—
20	"(A) has contacted not fewer than 3 State
21	certified appraisers or State licensed appraisers,
22	as applicable; and
23	"(B) has documented that no State cer-
24	tified appraiser or State licensed appraiser, as
25	applicable, was available within a reasonable

1	amount of time, as determined by the Federal
2	financial institutions regulatory agency with
3	oversight of the mortgage originator, to perform
4	the appraisal in connection with the federally
5	related transaction;
6	"(3) the balance of the loan is less than
7	\$400,000; and
8	"(4) the mortgage originator is subject to over-
9	sight by a Federal financial institutions regulatory
10	agency.
11	"(c) Sale, Assignment, or Transfer.—A mort-
12	gage originator that makes a loan without an appraisal
13	under the terms of subsection (b) shall not sell, assign,
14	or otherwise transfer legal title to the loan unless—
15	"(1) the loan is sold, assigned, or otherwise
16	transferred to another person by reason of the bank-
17	ruptcy or failure of the mortgage originator;
18	"(2) the loan is sold, assigned, or otherwise
19	transferred to another person regulated by a Federal
20	financial institutions regulatory agency, so long as
21	the loan is retained in portfolio by the person; or
22	"(3) the sale, assignment, or transfer is pursu-
23	ant to a merger of the mortgage originator with an-
24	other person or the acquisition of the mortgage

- 1 originator by another person or of another person by
- 2 the mortgage originator.
- 3 "(d) Exception.—Subsection (b) shall not apply
- 4 if—
- 5 "(1) a Federal financial institutions regulatory
- 6 agency requires an appraisal under section
- 7 225.63(c), 323.3(c), 34.43(c), or 722.3(e) of title
- 8 12, Code of Federal Regulations; or
- 9 "(2) the loan is a high-cost mortgage, as de-
- fined in section 103 of the Truth in Lending Act (15
- 11 U.S.C. 1602).
- 12 "(e) Anti-Evasion.—Each Federal financial institu-
- 13 tions regulatory agency shall ensure that any mortgage
- 14 originator that the Federal financial institutions regu-
- 15 latory agency oversees that makes a significant amount
- 16 of loans under subsection (b) is complying with the re-
- 17 quirements of subsection (b)(2) with respect to each
- 18 loan.".
- 19 SEC. 104. HOME MORTGAGE DISCLOSURE ACT ADJUST-
- 20 MENT AND STUDY.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 304 of the Home Mort-
- 22 gage Disclosure Act of 1975 (12 U.S.C. 2803) is amend-
- 23 ed—
- 24 (1) by redesignating subsection (i) as paragraph
- 25 (3) and adjusting the margins accordingly;

1	(2) by inserting before paragraph (3), as so re-
2	designated, the following:
3	"(i) Exemptions.—
4	"(1) Closed-end mortgage loans.—With
5	respect to an insured depository institution or in-
6	sured credit union, the requirements of paragraphs
7	(5) and (6) of subsection (b) shall not apply with re-
8	spect to closed-end mortgage loans if the insured de-
9	pository institution or insured credit union origi-
10	nated fewer than 500 closed-end mortgage loans in
11	each of the 2 preceding calendar years.
12	"(2) Open-end lines of credit.—With re-
13	spect to an insured depository institution or insured
14	credit union, the requirements of paragraphs (5) and
15	(6) of subsection (b) shall not apply with respect to
16	open-end lines of credit if the insured depository in-
17	stitution or insured credit union originated fewer
18	than 500 open-end lines of credit in each of the 2
19	preceding calendar years."; and
20	(3) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(o) Definitions.—In this section—
22	"(1) the term 'insured credit union' has the
23	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Fed-

eral Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1752); and

24

1 "(2) the term 'insured depository institution' 2 has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the 3 Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813).".

## (b) Lookback Study.—

- (1) STUDY.—Not earlier than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study to evaluate the impact of the amendments made by subsection (a) on the amount of data available under the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975 (12 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.) at the national and local level.
- (2) Report.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives a report that includes the findings and conclusions of the Comptroller General with respect to the study required under paragraph (1).
- 21 (c) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Section 304(i)(3) of 22 the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act of 1975, as so redesig-23 nated by subsection (a)(1), is amended by striking "sec-

24 tion 303(2)(A)" and inserting "section 303(3)(A)".

#### 1 SEC. 105. CREDIT UNION RESIDENTIAL LOANS.

- 2 (a) Removal From Member Business Loan Limi-
- 3 TATION.—Section 107A(c)(1)(B)(i) of the Federal Credit
- 4 Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1757a(c)(1)(B)(i)) is amended by
- 5 striking "that is the primary residence of a member".
- 6 (b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 7 tion or the amendment made by this section shall preclude
- 8 the National Credit Union Administration from treating
- 9 an extension of credit that is fully secured by a lien on
- 10 a 1- to 4-family dwelling that is not the primary residence
- 11 of a member as a member business loan for purposes other
- 12 than the member business loan limitation requirements
- 13 under section 107A of the Federal Credit Union Act (12
- 14 U.S.C. 1757a).
- 15 SEC. 106. ELIMINATING BARRIERS TO JOBS FOR LOAN
- 16 **ORIGINATORS.**
- 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing
- 18 Act of 2008 (12 U.S.C. 5101 et seq.) is amended by add-
- 19 ing at the end the following:
- 20 "SEC. 1518. EMPLOYMENT TRANSITION OF LOAN ORIGINA-
- 21 **TORS.**
- 22 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- 23 "(1) APPLICATION STATE.—The term 'applica-
- 24 tion State' means a State in which a registered loan
- originator or a State-licensed loan originator seeks
- to be licensed.

1	"(2) State-licensed mortgage company.—
2	The term 'State-licensed mortgage company' means
3	an entity that is licensed or registered under the law
4	of any State to engage in residential mortgage loan
5	origination and processing activities.
6	"(b) Temporary Authority To Originate Loans
7	FOR LOAN ORIGINATORS MOVING FROM A DEPOSITORY
8	Institution to a Non-Depository Institution.—
9	"(1) In general.—Upon becoming employed
10	by a State-licensed mortgage company, an individual
11	who is a registered loan originator shall be deemed
12	to have temporary authority to act as a loan origi-
13	nator in an application State for the period de-
14	scribed in paragraph (2) if the individual—
15	"(A) has not had—
16	"(i) an application for a loan origi-
17	nator license denied; or
18	"(ii) a loan originator license revoked
19	or suspended in any governmental jurisdic-
20	tion;
21	"(B) has not been subject to, or served
22	with, a cease and desist order—
23	"(i) in any governmental jurisdiction;
24	or
25	"(ii) under section $1514(c)$ :

1	"(C) has not been convicted of a felony
2	that would preclude licensure under the law of
3	the application State;
4	"(D) has submitted an application to be a
5	State-licensed loan originator in the application
6	State; and
7	"(E) was registered in the Nationwide
8	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry as a
9	loan originator during the 1-year period pre-
10	ceding the date on which the information re-
11	quired under section 1505(a) is submitted.
12	"(2) Period.—The period described in this
13	paragraph shall begin on the date on which an indi-
14	vidual described in paragraph (1) submits the infor-
15	mation required under section 1505(a) and shall end
16	on the earliest of the date—
17	"(A) on which the individual withdraws the
18	application to be a State-licensed loan origi-
19	nator in the application State;
20	"(B) on which the application State denies,
21	or issues a notice of intent to deny, the applica-
22	tion;
23	"(C) on which the application State grants
24	a State license: or

1	"(D) that is 120 days after the date on
2	which the individual submits the application, if
3	the application is listed on the Nationwide
4	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry as in-
5	complete.
6	"(c) Temporary Authority To Originate Loans
7	FOR STATE-LICENSED LOAN ORIGINATORS MOVING
8	Interstate.—
9	"(1) In general.—A State-licensed loan origi-
10	nator shall be deemed to have temporary authority
11	to act as a loan originator in an application State
12	for the period described in paragraph (2) if the
13	State-licensed loan originator—
14	"(A) meets the requirements of subpara-
15	graphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) of subsection
16	(b)(1);
17	"(B) is employed by a State-licensed mort-
18	gage company in the application State; and
19	"(C) was licensed in a State that is not the
20	application State during the 30-day period pre-
21	ceding the date on which the information re-
22	quired under section 1505(a) was submitted in
23	connection with the application submitted to the
24	application State.

1	"(2) Period.—The period described in this
2	paragraph shall begin on the date on which the
3	State-licensed loan originator submits the informa-
4	tion required under section 1505(a) in connection
5	with the application submitted to the application
6	State and end on the earliest of the date—
7	"(A) on which the State-licensed loan
8	originator withdraws the application to be a
9	State-licensed loan originator in the application
10	State;
11	"(B) on which the application State denies,
12	or issues a notice of intent to deny, the applica-
13	tion;
14	"(C) on which the application State grants
15	a State license; or
16	"(D) that is 120 days after the date on
17	which the State-licensed loan originator submits
18	the application, if the application is listed on
19	the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
20	Registry as incomplete.
21	"(d) Applicability.—
22	"(1) Employer of loan originators.—Any
23	person employing an individual who is deemed to
24	have temporary authority to act as a loan originator
25	in an application State under this section shall be

- 1 subject to the requirements of this title and to appli-
- 2 cable State law to the same extent as if that indi-
- 3 vidual was a State-licensed loan originator licensed
- 4 by the application State.
- 5 "(2) Engaging in mortgage loan activi-
- 6 TIES.—Any individual who is deemed to have tem-
- 7 porary authority to act as a loan originator in an ap-
- 8 plication State under this section and who engages
- 9 in residential mortgage loan origination activities
- shall be subject to the requirements of this title and
- to applicable State law to the same extent as if that
- individual was a State-licensed loan originator li-
- censed by the application State.".
- 14 (b) Table of Contents Amendment.—Section
- 15 1(b) of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008
- 16 (42 U.S.C. 4501 note) is amended by inserting after the
- 17 item relating to section 1517 the following:
  - "Sec. 1518. Employment transition of loan originators.".
- 18 (c) Effective Date.—This section and the amend-
- 19 ments made by this section shall take effect on the date
- 20 that is 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 21 SEC. 107. PROTECTING ACCESS TO MANUFACTURED
- HOMES.
- Section 103 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
- 24 1602) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating the second subsection (cc)
2	(relating to definitions relating to mortgage origina-
3	tion and residential mortgage loans) and subsection
4	(dd) as subsections (dd) and (ee), respectively; and
5	(2) in paragraph (2) of subsection (dd), as so
6	redesignated, by striking subparagraph (C) and in-
7	serting the following:
8	"(C) does not include any person who is—
9	"(i) not otherwise described in sub-
10	paragraph (A) or (B) and who performs
11	purely administrative or clerical tasks on
12	behalf of a person who is described in any
13	such subparagraph; or
14	"(ii) a retailer of manufactured or
15	modular homes or an employee of the re-
16	tailer if the retailer or employee, as appli-
17	cable—
18	"(I) does not receive compensa-
19	tion or gain for engaging in activities
20	described in subparagraph (A) that is
21	in excess of any compensation or gain
22	received in a comparable cash trans-
23	action;
24	"(II) discloses to the consumer—

1	"(aa) in writing any cor-
2	porate affiliation with any lender;
3	and
4	"(bb) if the retailer has a
5	corporate affiliation with any
6	lender, at least 1 unaffiliated
7	lender; and
8	"(III) does not directly negotiate
9	with the consumer or lender on loan
10	terms (including rates, fees, and other
11	costs).".
12	SEC. 108. PROPERTY ASSESSED CLEAN ENERGY FINANC-
13	ING.
14	Section 129C(b)(3) of the Truth in Lending Act (15
15	U.S.C. 1639c(b)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the
16	following:
17	"(C) Consideration of underwriting
18	REQUIREMENTS FOR PROPERTY ASSESSED
19	CLEAN ENERGY FINANCING.—
20	"(i) Definition.—In this subpara-
21	graph, the term 'Property Assessed Clean
22	Energy financing' means financing to cover
23	the costs of home improvements that re-
24	sults in a tax assessment on the real prop-
25	erty of the consumer.

1	"(ii) Regulations.—The Bureau
2	shall prescribe regulations that carry out
3	the purposes of subsection (a) and apply
4	section 130 with respect to violations
5	under subsection (a) of this section with
6	respect to Property Assessed Clean Energy
7	financing, which shall account for the
8	unique nature of Property Assessed Clean
9	Energy financing.
10	"(iii) Collection of Information
11	AND CONSULTATION.—In prescribing the
12	regulations under this subparagraph, the
13	Bureau—
14	"(I) may collect such information
15	and data that the Bureau determines
16	is necessary; and
17	"(II) shall consult with State and
18	local governments and bond-issuing
19	authorities.".
20	SEC. 109. ESCROW REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CERTAIN
21	CONSUMER CREDIT TRANSACTIONS.
22	Section 129D(c) of the Truth in Lending Act (15
23	U.S.C. 1639d(c)) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
2	(4) as subparagraphs (A) through (D), respectively,
3	and adjusting the margins accordingly;
4	(2) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
5	as so redesignated, by striking "The Board" and in-
6	serting the following:
7	"(1) In general.—The Bureau";
8	(3) in paragraph (1), as so redesignated, by
9	striking "the Board" each place that term appears
10	and inserting "the Bureau"; and
11	(4) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(2) Treatment of loans held by smaller
13	Institutions.—The Bureau shall, by regulation,
14	exempt from the requirements of subsection (a) any
15	loan made by an insured depository institution or an
16	insured credit union secured by a first lien on the
17	principal dwelling of a consumer if—
18	"(A) the insured depository institution or
19	insured credit union has assets of
20	\$10,000,000,000 or less;
21	"(B) during the preceding calendar year,
22	the insured depository institution or insured
23	credit union and its affiliates originated 1,000
24	or fewer loans secured by a first lien on a prin-
25	cipal dwelling; and

1	"(C) the transaction otherwise satisfies the
2	criteria in sections 1026.35(b)(2)(iii) and
3	1026.35(b)(2)(v) of title 12, Code of Federal
4	Regulations, or any successor regulation.".
5	SEC. 110. NO WAIT FOR LOWER MORTGAGE RATES.
6	(a) In General.—Section 129(b) of the Truth in
7	Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639(b)) is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
9	graph (4); and
10	(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"(3) No wait for lower rate.—If a creditor
13	extends to a consumer a second offer of credit with
14	a lower annual percentage rate, the transaction may
15	be consummated without regard to the period speci-
16	fied in paragraph (1) with respect to the second
17	offer.".
18	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
19	gress that, whereas the Bureau of Consumer Financial
20	Protection issued a final rule entitled "Integrated Mort-
21	gage Disclosures Under the Real Estate Settlement Proce-
22	dures Act (Regulation X) and the Truth in Lending Act
23	(Regulation Z)" (78 Fed. Reg. 79730 (December 31,
24	2013)) (in this subsection referred to as the "TRID
25	Rule') to combine the disclosures a consumer receives in

1	connection with applying for and closing on a mortgage
2	loan, the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection should
3	endeavor to provide clearer, authoritative guidance on—
4	(1) the applicability of the TRID Rule to mort-
5	gage assumption transactions;
6	(2) the applicability of the TRID Rule to con-
7	struction-to-permanent home loans, and the condi-
8	tions under which those loans can be properly origi-
9	nated; and
10	(3) the extent to which lenders can rely on
11	model disclosures published by the Bureau of Con-
12	sumer Financial Protection without liability if recent
13	changes to regulations are not reflected in the sam-
14	ple TRID Rule forms published by the Bureau of
15	Consumer Financial Protection.
16	TITLE II—REGULATORY RELIEF
17	AND PROTECTING CONSUMER
18	ACCESS TO CREDIT
19	SEC. 201. CAPITAL SIMPLIFICATION FOR QUALIFYING COM-
20	MUNITY BANKS.
21	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) COMMUNITY BANK LEVERAGE RATIO.—The
23	term "Community Bank Leverage Ratio" means the
24	ratio of the tangible equity capital of a qualifying
25	community bank, as reported on the qualifying com-

munity bank's applicable regulatory filing with the qualifying community bank's appropriate Federal banking agency, to the average total consolidated assets of the qualifying community bank, as reported on the qualifying community bank's applicable regulatory filing with the qualifying community bank's appropriate Federal banking agency.

(2) Generally applicable Leverage capital Requirements; Generally applicable RISK-BASED CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS.—The terms "generally applicable leverage capital requirements" and "generally applicable risk-based capital requirements" have the meanings given those terms in section 171(a) of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5371(a)).

### (3) Qualifying community bank.—

- (A) Asset threshold.—The term "qualifying community bank" means a depository institution or depository institution holding company with total consolidated assets of less than \$10,000,000,000.
- (B) RISK PROFILE.—The appropriate Federal banking agencies may determine that a depository institution or depository institution holding company (or a class of depository insti-

1	tutions or depository institution holding compa-
2	nies) described in subparagraph (A) is not a
3	qualifying community bank based on the deposi-
4	tory institution's or depository institution hold-
5	ing company's risk profile, which shall be based
6	on consideration of—
7	(i) off-balance sheet exposures;
8	(ii) trading assets and liabilities;
9	(iii) total notional derivatives expo-
10	sures; and
11	(iv) such other factors as the appro-
12	priate Federal banking agencies determine
13	appropriate.
14	(b) Community Bank Leverage Ratio.—The ap-
15	propriate Federal banking agencies shall, through notice
16	and comment rule making under section 553 of title 5,
17	United States Code—
18	(1) develop a Community Bank Leverage Ratio
19	of not less than 8 percent and not more than 10
20	percent for qualifying community banks; and
21	(2) establish procedures for treatment of a
22	qualified community bank that has a Community
23	Bank Leverage Ratio that is below the percentage
24	developed under paragraph (1).
25	(c) Capital Compliance.—

1	(1) In General.—Any qualifying community
2	bank that meets the Community Bank Leverage
3	Ratio developed under subsection (b)(1) shall be
4	considered to have met—
5	(A) the generally applicable leverage cap-
6	ital requirements and the generally applicable
7	risk-based capital requirements;
8	(B) in the case of a qualifying community
9	bank that is a depository institution, the capital
10	ratio requirements that are required in order to
11	be considered well capitalized under section 38
12	of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
13	U.S.C. 1831o) and any regulation implementing
14	that section; and
15	(C) any other capital or leverage require-
16	ments to which the qualifying community bank
17	is subject.
18	(2) Existing authorities.—Nothing in para-
19	graph (1) shall limit the authority of the appropriate
20	Federal banking agencies as in effect on the date of
21	enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 202. LIMITED EXCEPTION FOR RECIPROCAL DEPOS-
2	ITS.
3	(a) In General.—Section 29 of the Federal Deposit
4	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1831f) is amended by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"(i) Limited Exception for Reciprocal Depos-
7	ITS.—
8	"(1) In general.—Reciprocal deposits of an
9	agent institution shall not be considered to be funds
10	obtained, directly or indirectly, by or through a de-
11	posit broker to the extent that the total amount of
12	such reciprocal deposits does not exceed the lesser
13	of—
14	"(A) \$5,000,000,000; or
15	"(B) an amount equal to 20 percent of the
16	total liabilities of the agent institution.
17	"(2) Definitions.—In this subsection:
18	"(A) AGENT INSTITUTION.—The term
19	'agent institution' means an insured depository
20	institution that places a covered deposit
21	through a deposit placement network at other
22	insured depository institutions in amounts that
23	are less than or equal to the standard max-
24	imum deposit insurance amount, specifying the
25	interest rate to be paid for such amounts, if the
26	insured depository institution—

1	"(i)(I) when most recently examined
2	under section 10(d) was found to have a
3	composite condition of outstanding or
4	good; and
5	"(II) is well capitalized;
6	"(ii) has obtained a waiver pursuant
7	to subsection (c); or
8	"(iii) does not receive an amount of
9	reciprocal deposits that causes the total
10	amount of reciprocal deposits held by the
11	agent institution to be greater than the av-
12	erage of the total amount of reciprocal de-
13	posits held by the agent institution on the
14	last day of each of the 4 calendar quarters
15	preceding the calendar quarter in which
16	the agent institution was found not to have
17	a composite condition of outstanding or
18	good or was determined to be not well cap-
19	italized.
20	"(B) COVERED DEPOSIT.—The term 'cov-
21	ered deposit' means a deposit that—
22	"(i) is submitted for placement
23	through a deposit placement network by an
24	agent institution; and

1	"(ii) does not consist of funds that
2	were obtained for the agent institution, di-
3	rectly or indirectly, by or through a deposit
4	broker before submission for placement
5	through a deposit placement network.
6	"(C) Deposit placement network.—
7	The term 'deposit placement network' means a
8	network in which an insured depository institu-
9	tion participates, together with other insured
10	depository institutions, for the processing and
11	receipt of reciprocal deposits.
12	"(D) NETWORK MEMBER BANK.—The
13	term 'network member bank' means an insured
14	depository institution that is a member of a de-
15	posit placement network.
16	"(E) RECIPROCAL DEPOSITS.—The term
17	'reciprocal deposits' means deposits received by
18	an agent institution through a deposit place-
19	ment network with the same maturity (if any)
20	and in the same aggregate amount as covered
21	deposits placed by the agent institution in other
22	network member banks.
23	"(F) Well capitalized.—The term well
24	capitalized' has the meaning given the term in

25

section 38(b)(1).".

1	(b) Interest Rate Restriction.—Section 29 of
2	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1831f) is
3	amended by striking subsection (e) and inserting the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(e) Restriction on Interest Rate Paid.—
6	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
7	"(A) the terms 'agent institution', 'recip-
8	rocal deposits', and 'well capitalized' have the
9	meanings given those terms in subsection (i);
10	and
11	"(B) the term 'covered insured depository
12	institution' means an insured depository institu-
13	tion that—
14	"(i) under subsection (c) or (d), ac-
15	cepts funds obtained, directly or indirectly,
16	by or through a deposit broker; or
17	"(ii) while acting as an agent institu-
18	tion under subsection (i), accepts recip-
19	rocal deposits while not well capitalized.
20	"(2) Prohibition.—A covered insured deposi-
21	tory institution may not pay a rate of interest on
22	funds or reciprocal deposits described in paragraph
23	(1) that, at the time that the funds or reciprocal de-
24	posits are accepted, significantly exceeds the limit
25	set forth in paragraph (3).

1	"(3) Limit on interest rates.—The limit on
2	the rate of interest referred to in paragraph (2) shall
3	be—
4	"(A) the rate paid on deposits of similar
5	maturity in the normal market area of the cov-
6	ered insured depository institution for deposits
7	accepted in the normal market area of the cov-
8	ered insured depository institution; or
9	"(B) the national rate paid on deposits of
10	comparable maturity, as established by the Cor-
11	poration, for deposits accepted outside the nor-
12	mal market area of the covered insured deposi-
13	tory institution.".
14	SEC. 203. COMMUNITY BANK RELIEF.
15	Section 13(h) of the Bank Holding Company Act of
16	1956 (12 U.S.C. 1851(h)) is amended—
17	(1) in paragraph (1)—
18	(A) in subparagraph (D), by redesignating
19	clauses (i) and (ii) as subclauses (I) and (II),
20	respectively, and adjusting the margins accord-
21	ingly;
22	(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (A)
23	through (D) as clauses (i) through (iv), respec-
24	tively, and adjusting the margins accordingly;

1	(C) in the matter preceding clause (i), as
2	so redesignated, in the second sentence, by
3	striking "institution that functions solely in a
4	trust or fiduciary capacity, if—" and inserting
5	the following: "institution—
6	"(A) that functions solely in a trust or fi-
7	duciary capacity, if—";
8	(D) in clause (iv)(II), as so redesignated,
9	by striking the period at the end and inserting
10	"; or"; and
11	(E) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(B) with—
13	"(i) not more than \$10,000,000,000
14	of total consolidated assets; and
15	"(ii) total trading assets and trading
16	liabilities, as reported on the most recent
17	applicable regulatory filing filed by the in-
18	stitution, that are not more than 5 percent
19	of total consolidated assets.".
20	SEC. 204. REMOVING NAMING RESTRICTIONS.
21	Section 13 of the Bank Holding Company Act of
22	1956 (12 U.S.C. 1851) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection $(d)(1)(G)(vi)$ , by inserting be-
24	fore the semicolon the following: ", except that the
25	hedge fund or private equity fund may share the

1	same name or a variation of the same name as a
2	banking entity that is an investment adviser to the
3	hedge fund or private equity fund, if—
4	"(I) such investment adviser is
5	not an insured depository institution
6	a company that controls an insured
7	depository institution, or a company
8	that is treated as a bank holding com-
9	pany for purposes of section 8 of the
10	International Banking Act of 1978
11	(12 U.S.C. 3106);
12	"(II) such investment adviser
13	does not share the same name or a
14	variation of the same name as an in-
15	sured depository institution, any com-
16	pany that controls an insured deposi-
17	tory institution, or any company that
18	is treated as a bank holding company
19	for purposes of section 8 of the Inter-
20	national Banking Act of 1978 (12
21	U.S.C. 3106); and
22	"(III) such name does not con-
23	tain the word 'bank'"; and

1	(2) in subsection (h)(5)(C), by inserting before
2	the period the following: ", except as permitted
3	under subsection (d)(1)(G)(vi)".
4	SEC. 205. SHORT FORM CALL REPORTS.
5	Section 7(a) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act
6	(12 U.S.C. 1817(a)) is amended by adding at the end the
7	following:
8	"(12) Short form reporting.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The appropriate Fed-
10	eral banking agencies shall issue regulations
11	that allow for a reduced reporting requirement
12	for a covered depository institution when the in-
13	stitution makes the first and third report of
14	condition for a year, as required under para-
15	graph (3).
16	"(B) Definition.—In this paragraph, the
17	term 'covered depository institution' means an
18	insured depository institution that—
19	"(i) has less than \$5,000,000,000 in
20	total consolidated assets; and
21	"(ii) satisfies such other criteria as
22	the appropriate Federal banking agencies
23	determine appropriate."

1	SEC. 206. OPTION FOR FEDERAL SAVINGS ASSOCIATIONS
2	TO OPERATE AS COVERED SAVINGS ASSOCIA-
3	TIONS.
4	The Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1461 et
5	seq.) is amended by inserting after section 5 (12 U.S.C.
6	1464) the following:
7	"SEC. 5A. ELECTION TO OPERATE AS A COVERED SAVINGS
8	ASSOCIATION.
9	"(a) Definition.—In this section, the term 'covered
10	savings association' means a Federal savings association
11	that makes an election that is approved under subsection
12	(b).
13	"(b) Election.—
14	"(1) In general.—Upon issuance of rules
15	under subsection (f), and in accordance with those
16	rules, a Federal savings association with total con-
17	solidated assets equal to or less than
18	\$15,000,000,000 may elect to operate as a covered
19	savings association by submitting a notice to the
20	Comptroller of that election.
21	"(2) Approval.—A Federal savings association
22	shall be deemed to be approved to operate as a cov-
23	ered savings association beginning on the date that
24	is 60 days after the date on which the Comptroller
25	receives the notice submitted under paragraph (1),
26	unless the Comptroller notifies the Federal savings

1	association that the Federal savings association is
2	not eligible.
3	"(c) Rights and Duties.—Notwithstanding any
4	other provision of law, and except as otherwise provided
5	in this section, a covered savings association shall—
6	"(1) have the same rights and privileges as a
7	national bank that has the main office of the na-
8	tional bank situated in the same location as the
9	home office of the covered savings association; and
10	"(2) be subject to the same duties, restrictions,
11	penalties, liabilities, conditions, and limitations that
12	would apply to a national bank described in para-
13	graph (1).
14	"(d) Treatment of Covered Savings Associa-
15	TIONS.—A covered savings association shall be treated as
16	a Federal savings association for the purposes—
17	"(1) of governance of the covered savings asso-
18	ciation, including incorporation, bylaws, boards of
19	directors, shareholders, and distribution of divi-
20	dends;
21	"(2) of consolidation, merger, dissolution, con-
22	version (including conversion to a stock bank or to
23	another charter), conservatorship, and receivership;
24	and

1	"(3) determined by regulation of the Comp-
2	troller.
3	"(e) Existing Branches.—A covered savings asso-
4	ciation may continue to operate any branch or agency that
5	the covered savings association operated on the date or
6	which an election under subsection (b) is approved.
7	"(f) Rule Making.—The Comptroller shall issue
8	rules to carry out this section—
9	"(1) that establish streamlined standards and
10	procedures that clearly identify required documenta-
11	tion or timelines for an election under subsection
12	(b);
13	"(2) that require a Federal savings association
14	that makes an election under subsection (b) to iden-
15	tify specific assets and subsidiaries that—
16	"(A) do not conform to the requirements
17	for assets and subsidiaries of a national bank
18	and
19	"(B) are held by the Federal savings asso-
20	ciation on the date on which the Federal sav-
21	ings association submits a notice of the election
22	"(3) that establish—
23	"(A) a transition process for bringing the
24	assets and subsidiaries described in paragraph

1	(2) into conformance with the requirements for
2	a national bank; and
3	"(B) procedures for allowing the Federal
4	savings association to submit to the Comptroller
5	an application to continue to hold assets and
6	subsidiaries described in paragraph (2) after
7	electing to operate as a covered savings associa-
8	tion;
9	"(4) that establish standards and procedures to
10	allow a covered savings association to—
11	"(A) terminate an election under sub-
12	section (b) after an appropriate period of time
13	and
14	"(B) make a subsequent election under
15	subsection (b) after terminating an election
16	under subparagraph (A);
17	"(5) that clarify requirements for the treatment
18	of covered savings associations, including the provi-
19	sions of law that apply to covered savings associa-
20	tions; and
21	"(6) as the Comptroller determines necessary in
22	the interests of safety and soundness.
23	"(g) Grandfathered Covered Savings Associa-
24	TIONS.—Subject to the rules issued under subsection (f)
25	a covered savings association may continue to operate as

- 1 a covered savings association if, after the date on which
- 2 the election is made under subsection (b), the covered sav-
- 3 ings association has total consolidated assets greater than
- 4 \$15,000,000,000.".
- 5 SEC. 207. SMALL BANK HOLDING COMPANY POLICY STATE-
- 6 MENT.
- 7 (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 8 (1) Board.—The term "Board" means the
- 9 Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- 10 (2) Savings and Loan Holding Company.—
- 11 The term "savings and loan holding company" has
- the meaning given the term in section 10(a) of the
- 13 Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1467a(a)).
- 14 (b) Changes Required to Small Bank Holding
- 15 Company Policy Statement on Assessment of Fi-
- 16 NANCIAL AND MANAGERIAL FACTORS.—Not later than
- 17 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
- 18 Board shall revise appendix C to part 225 of title 12, Code
- 19 of Federal Regulations (commonly known as the "Small
- 20 Bank Holding Company and Savings and Loan Holding
- 21 Company Policy Statement"), to raise the consolidated
- 22 asset threshold under that appendix from \$1,000,000,000
- 23 to \$3,000,000,000 for any bank holding company or sav-
- 24 ings and loan holding company that—

1	(1) is not engaged in significant nonbanking ac-
2	tivities either directly or through a nonbank sub-
3	sidiary;
4	(2) does not conduct significant off-balance
5	sheet activities (including securitization and asset
6	management or administration) either directly or
7	through a nonbank subsidiary; and
8	(3) does not have a material amount of debt or
9	equity securities outstanding (other than trust pre-
10	ferred securities) that are registered with the Securi-
11	ties and Exchange Commission.
12	(c) Exclusions.—The Board may exclude any bank
13	holding company or savings and loan holding company, re-
14	gardless of asset size, from the revision under subsection
15	(b) if the Board determines that such action is warranted
16	for supervisory purposes.
17	(d) Conforming Amendment.—Section 171(b)(5)
18	of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C.
19	$5371(\mathrm{b})(5))$ is amended by striking subparagraph (C) and
20	inserting the following:
21	"(C) any bank holding company or savings
22	and loan holding company that is subject to the
23	application of appendix C to part 225 of title
24	12, Code of Federal Regulations (commonly
25	known as the 'Small Bank Holding Company

1	and Savings and Loan Holding Company Policy
2	Statement').".
3	SEC. 208. APPLICATION OF THE EXPEDITED FUNDS AVAIL-
4	ABILITY ACT.
5	(a) In General.—The Expedited Funds Availability
6	Act (12 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.) is amended—
7	(1) in section 602 (12 U.S.C. 4001)—
8	(A) in paragraph (20), by inserting ", lo-
9	cated in the United States," after "ATM";
10	(B) in paragraph (21), by inserting
11	"American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the
12	Northern Mariana Islands," after "Puerto
13	Rico,''; and
14	(C) in paragraph (23), by inserting "Amer-
15	ican Samoa, the Commonwealth of the North-
16	ern Mariana Islands," after "Puerto Rico,";
17	and
18	(2) in section $603(d)(2)(A)$ (12 U.S.C.
19	4002(d)(2)(A)), by inserting "American Samoa, the
20	Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands,"
21	after "Puerto Rico,".
22	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
23	this section shall take effect on the date that is 30 days
24	after the date of enactment of this Act

1	SEC. 209. MUTUAL HOLDING COMPANY DIVIDEND WAIVERS.
2	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
3	of this Act, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
4	System shall amend section 239.8(d)(2)(iv) of title 12,
5	Code of Federal Regulations, by striking "12 months"
6	each place that term appears and inserting "24 months".
7	SEC. 210. SMALL PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCIES.
8	(a) Small Public Housing Agencies.—Title I of
9	the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437
10	et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
11	"SEC. 38. SMALL PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCIES.
12	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
13	"(1) Housing voucher program.—The term
14	'housing voucher program' means a program for ten-
15	ant-based assistance under section 8.
16	"(2) Small public housing agency.—The
17	term 'small public housing agency' means a public
18	housing agency—
19	"(A) for which the sum of the number of
20	public housing dwelling units administered by
21	the agency and the number of vouchers under
22	section 8(o) administered by the agency is 550
23	or fewer; and
24	"(B) that predominantly operates in a
25	rural area, as described in section

1	1026.35(b)(2)(iv)(A) of title 12, Code of Fed-
2	eral Regulations.
3	"(3) Troubled small public housing agen-
4	CY.—The term 'troubled small public housing agen-
5	cy' means a small public housing agency designated
6	by the Secretary as a troubled small public housing
7	agency under subsection $(c)(3)$ .
8	"(b) Applicability.—Except as otherwise provided
9	in this section, a small public housing agency shall be sub-
10	ject to the same requirements as a public housing agency.
11	"(c) Program Inspections and Evaluations.—
12	"(1) Public Housing Projects.—
13	"(A) Frequency of inspections by
14	SECRETARY.—The Secretary shall carry out an
15	inspection of the physical condition of a small
16	public housing agency's public housing projects
17	not more frequently than once every 3 years,
18	unless the agency has been designated by the
19	Secretary as a troubled small public housing
20	agency based on deficiencies in the physical
21	condition of its public housing projects.
22	"(B) STANDARDS.—The Secretary shall
23	apply to small public housing agencies the same
24	standards for the acceptable condition of public

1 housing projects that apply to projects assisted 2 under section 8.

"(2) Housing voucher program.—A small public housing agency administering assistance under section 8(o) shall make periodic physical inspections of each assisted dwelling unit not less frequently than once every 3 years to determine whether the unit is maintained in accordance with the requirements under section 8(o)(8)(A).

"(3) Troubled small public housing agencies.—

"(A) Public Housing Program.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
Secretary may designate a small public housing
agency as a troubled small public housing agency with respect to the public housing program
of the small public housing agency if the Secretary determines that the agency has failed to
maintain the public housing units of the small
public housing agency in a satisfactory physical
condition, based upon an inspection conducted
by the Secretary.

"(B) Housing voucher program.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may designate a small public housing

agency as a troubled small public housing agency with respect to the housing voucher program of the small public housing agency if the Sected retary determines that the agency has failed to comply with the inspection requirements under paragraph (2).

"(C) Appeals.—

"(i) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish an appeals process under which a small public housing agency may dispute a designation as a troubled small public housing agency.

"(ii) Official.—The appeals process established under clause (i) shall provide for a decision by an official who has not been involved, and is not subordinate to a person who has been involved, in the original determination to designate a small public housing agency as a troubled small public housing agency.

## "(D) CORRECTIVE ACTION AGREEMENT.—

"(i) AGREEMENT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which a small public housing agency is designated as a troubled public housing agen-

1	cy under subparagraph (A) or (B), the
2	Secretary and the small public housing
3	agency shall enter into a corrective action
4	agreement under which the small public
5	housing agency shall undertake actions to
6	correct the deficiencies upon which the des-
7	ignation is based.
8	"(ii) Terms of agreement.—A cor-
9	rective action agreement entered into
10	under clause (i) shall—
11	"(I) have a term of 1 year, and
12	shall be renewable at the option of the
13	Secretary;
14	"(II) provide, where feasible, for
15	technical assistance to assist the pub-
16	lic housing agency in curing its defi-
17	ciencies;
18	"(III) provide for—
19	"(aa) reconsideration of the
20	designation of the small public
21	housing agency as a troubled
22	small public housing agency not
23	less frequently than annually;
24	and

1	"(bb) termination of the
2	agreement when the Secretary
3	determines that the small public
4	housing agency is no longer a
5	troubled small public housing
6	agency; and
7	"(IV) provide that in the event of
8	substantial noncompliance by the
9	small public housing agency under the
10	agreement, the Secretary may—
11	"(aa) contract with another
12	public housing agency or a pri-
13	vate entity to manage the public
14	housing of the troubled small
15	public housing agency;
16	"(bb) withhold funds other-
17	wise distributable to the troubled
18	small public housing agency;
19	"(ce) assume possession of,
20	and direct responsibility for,
21	managing the public housing of
22	the troubled small public housing
23	agency;
24	"(dd) petition for the ap-
25	pointment of a receiver, in ac-

1	cordance with section
2	6(j)(3)(A)(ii); and
3	"(ee) exercise any other
4	remedy available to the Secretary
5	in the event of default under the
6	public housing annual contribu-
7	tions contract entered into by the
8	small public housing agency
9	under section 5.
10	"(E) Emergency actions.—Nothing in
11	this paragraph may be construed to prohibit the
12	Secretary from taking any emergency action
13	necessary to protect Federal financial resources
14	or the health or safety of residents of public
15	housing projects.
16	"(d) Reduction of Administrative Burdens.—
17	"(1) Exemption.—Notwithstanding any other
18	provision of law, a small public housing agency shall
19	be exempt from any environmental review require-
20	ments with respect to a development or moderniza-
21	tion project having a total cost of not more than
22	\$100,000.
23	"(2) Streamlined procedures.—The Sec-
24	retary shall, by rule, establish streamlined proce-
25	dures for environmental reviews of small public

1	housing agency development and modernization
2	projects having a total cost of more than
3	\$100,000.".
4	(b) Energy Conservation.—Section 9(e)(2) of the
5	United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C.
6	1437g(e)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(D) Freeze of consumption lev-
9	ELS.—
10	"(i) In general.—A small public
11	housing agency, as defined in section
12	38(a), may elect to be paid for its utility
13	and waste management costs under the
14	formula for a period, at the discretion of
15	the small public housing agency, of not
16	more than 20 years based on the small
17	public housing agency's average annual
18	consumption during the 3-year period pre-
19	ceding the year in which the election is
20	made (in this subparagraph referred to as
21	the 'consumption base level').
22	"(ii) Initial adjustment in con-
23	SUMPTION BASE LEVEL.—The Secretary
24	shall make an initial one-time adjustment
25	in the consumption base level to account

1	for differences in the heating degree day
2	average over the most recent 20-year pe-
3	riod compared to the average in the con-
4	sumption base level.
5	"(iii) Adjustments in consumption
6	BASE LEVEL.—The Secretary shall make
7	adjustments in the consumption base level
8	to account for an increase or reduction in
9	units, a change in fuel source, a change in
10	resident controlled electricity consumption,
11	or for other reasons.
12	"(iv) Savings.—All cost savings re-
13	sulting from an election made by a small
14	public housing agency under this subpara-
15	graph—
16	"(I) shall accrue to the small
17	public housing agency; and
18	"(II) may be used for any public
19	housing purpose at the discretion of
20	the small public housing agency.
21	"(v) Third parties.—A small public
22	housing agency making an election under
23	this subparagraph—
24	"(I) may use, but shall not be re-
25	quired to use, the services of a third

1	party in its energy conservation pro-
2	gram; and
3	"(II) shall have the sole discre-
4	tion to determine the source, and
5	terms and conditions, of any financing
6	used for its energy conservation pro-
7	gram.".
8	(c) Reporting by Agencies Operating in Con-
9	SORTIA.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
10	ment of this Act, the Secretary of Housing and Urban
11	Development shall develop and deploy all electronic infor-
12	mation systems necessary to accommodate full consoli-

14 section 3(b)(6) of the United States Housing Act of 1937

dated reporting by public housing agencies, as defined in

- 15 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(6)), electing to operate in consortia
- 16 under section 13(a) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1437k(a)).
- 17 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 18 subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on the date that
- 19 is 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 20 SEC. 211. EXAMINATION CYCLE.
- 21 Section 10(d)(4)(A) of the Federal Deposit Insurance
- 22 Act (12 U.S.C. 1820(d)(4)(A)) is amended by striking
- 23 "\$1,000,000,000" and inserting "\$3,000,000,000".

1	SEC. 212. NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE REGULATORY
2	PARITY.
3	Section 18(b)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
4	U.S.C. 77r(b)(1)) is amended—
5	(1) by striking subparagraph (A);
6	(2) in subparagraph (B)—
7	(A) by inserting "a security designated as
8	qualified for trading in the national market sys-
9	tem pursuant to section 11A(a)(2) of the Secu-
10	rities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78k-
11	1(a)(2)) that is" before "listed"; and
12	(B) by striking "that has listing standards
13	that the Commission determines by rule (on its
14	own initiative or on the basis of a petition) are
15	substantially similar to the listing standards ap-
16	plicable to securities described in subparagraph
17	(A)";
18	(3) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or (B)";
19	and
20	(4) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and
21	(C) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively.

## **III—PROTECTIONS** TITLE FOR 1 VETERANS, CONSUMERS, AND 2 **HOMEOWNERS** 3 4 SEC. 301. PROTECTING CONSUMERS' CREDIT. 5 Section 605A of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681c-1) is amended— 6 (a) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by striking "90 days" 7 and inserting "1 year"; and 9 (b) by adding at the end the following: 10 "(i) Free Annual Freeze Alerts; Additional PROTECTIONS FOR CREDIT REPORTS OF MINOR CON-11 12 SUMERS.— "(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term 13 14 'freeze alert' means a restriction placed on the file 15 of a consumer, prohibiting the ability of a consumer 16 reporting agency to furnish to any person, for the 17 purpose of opening a new account involving the ex-18 tension of credit, the consumer report of the con-19 sumer. 20 "(2) Free annual freeze alert.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of State law, once every calendar year, free of charge, upon the direct request of a consumer, or an individual acting on behalf of or as a personal representative of the

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consumer, a consumer reporting agency that maintains a file on the consumer and has received appropriate proof of the identity of the requester shall provide 1 freeze alert in the file of that consumer that shall remain in effect until the consumer or requester requests that such freeze alert be removed.

- "(B) Removal of Alert.—Notwithstanding any other provision of State law, once every calendar year, free of charge, upon the direct request of a consumer, or an individual acting on behalf of or as a personal representative of the consumer, a consumer reporting agency that receives a request to remove a freeze alert provided under paragraph (1) shall remove such a freeze alert.
- "(C) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the authority of a State to require consumer reporting agencies to require freeze alerts free of charge.
- "(3) Additional protections for credit reports of minor consumers.—
- 24 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon the direct re-25 quest of an individual acting on behalf of or as

1	a personal representative of a minor, a con-
2	sumer reporting agency that maintains a file on
3	the minor and has received appropriate proof of
4	the identity of the requester shall include a
5	freeze alert, free of charge, in the file of that
6	minor that shall remain in effect until an indi-
7	vidual acting on behalf of or as a personal rep-
8	resentative of the minor, or in the case of a
9	minor who is no longer a minor, the minor, re-
10	quests that such freeze alert be removed.
11	"(B) Block of information.—While a
12	freeze alert under subparagraph (A) is in place,
13	a consumer reporting agency may not release—
14	"(i) the consumer report of the minor;
15	"(ii) any information derived from the
16	consumer report of the minor; or
17	"(iii) any record created for the
18	minor.
19	"(C) Removal.—Notwithstanding any
20	other provision of State law, a consumer report-
21	ing agency that receives a request for a freeze
22	alert for a minor or a request to remove a
23	freeze alert for a minor shall provide or remove

the freeze alert, as applicable, free of charge.".

## 1 SEC. 302. PROTECTING VETERANS' CREDIT.

2	(a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are—
3	(1) to rectify problematic reporting of medical
4	debt included in a consumer report of a veteran due
5	to inappropriate or delayed payment for hospital
6	care or medical services provided in a non-Depart-
7	ment of Veterans Affairs facility under the laws ad-
8	ministered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; and
9	(2) to clarify the process of debt collection for
10	such medical debt.
11	(b) Amendments to Fair Credit Reporting
12	Act.—
13	(1) Veteran's medical debt defined.—Sec-
14	tion 603 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
15	U.S.C. 1681a) is amended by adding at the end the
16	following:
17	"(z) Veteran.—The term 'veteran' has the meaning
18	given the term in section 101 of title 38, United States
19	Code.
20	"(aa) Veteran's Medical Debt.—The term 'vet-
21	eran's medical debt'—
22	"(1) means a debt of a veteran arising from
23	health care provided in a non-Department of Vet-
24	erans Affairs facility under the laws administered by
25	the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; and

1	"(2) includes medical debt that the Department
2	of Veterans Affairs has wrongfully charged a vet-
3	eran.''.
4	(2) Exclusion for veteran's medical
5	DEBT.—Section 605(a) of the Fair Credit Reporting
6	Act (15 U.S.C. 1681c(a)) is amended by adding at
7	the end the following:
8	"(7) Any information related to a veteran's
9	medical debt if the date on which the hospital care
10	or medical services was rendered relating to the debt
11	antedates the report by less than 1 year.
12	"(8) Any information related to a fully paid or
13	settled veteran's medical debt that had been charac-
14	terized as delinquent, charged off, or in collection.".
15	(3) Removal of Veteran's medical debt
16	FROM CONSUMER REPORT.—Section 611 of the Fair
17	Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681i) is amend-
18	$\operatorname{ed}$ —
19	(A) in subsection $(a)(1)(A)$ , by inserting
20	"and except as provided in subsection (g)" after
21	"subsection (f)"; and
22	(B) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(g) Dispute Process for Veteran's Medical
24	Debt.—

- 1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a veteran's 2 medical debt of a consumer, the consumer may sub-3 mit a notice described in paragraph (2) along with proof of liability of the Department of Veterans Af-5 fairs for payment of that debt or documentation that 6 the Department of Veterans Affairs is in the process 7 of making payment for authorized medical services 8 rendered to a consumer reporting agency or a re-9 seller to dispute the inclusion of that debt on a con-10 sumer report of the consumer.
  - "(2) NOTIFICATION TO VETERAN.—The Department of Veterans Affairs shall submit to a veteran a notice that the Department of Veterans Affairs has assumed liability for part or all of a veteran's medical debt.
  - "(3) DELETION OF INFORMATION FROM FILE.—If a consumer reporting agency receives notice and proof of liability or documentation under paragraph (1), the consumer reporting agency shall delete all information relating to the veteran's medical debt from the file of the consumer and notify the furnisher and the consumer of that deletion.".
- 23 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 24 this section shall take effect on the date that is 180 days 25 after the date of enactment of this Act.

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1	SEC. 303. IMMUNITY FROM SUIT FOR DISCLOSURE OF FI-
2	NANCIAL EXPLOITATION OF SENIOR CITI-
3	ZENS.
4	(a) Immunity.—
5	(1) Definitions.—In this section—
6	(A) the term "Bank Secrecy Act officer"
7	means an individual responsible for ensuring
8	compliance with the requirements mandated by
9	subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United
10	States Code (commonly known as the "Bank
11	Secrecy Act");
12	(B) the term "broker-dealer" means a
13	broker and a dealer, as those terms are defined
14	in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act
15	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a));
16	(C) the term "covered agency" means—
17	(i) a State financial regulatory agen-
18	cy, including a State securities or law en-
19	forcement authority and a State insurance
20	regulator;
21	(ii) each of the entities represented in
22	the membership of the Financial Institu-
23	tions Examination Council established
24	under section 1004 of the Federal Finan-
25	cial Institutions Examination Council Act
26	of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3303);

1	(iii) a securities association registered
2	under section 15A of the Securities Ex-
3	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 780–3);
4	(iv) the Securities and Exchange
5	Commission;
6	(v) a law enforcement agency; and
7	(vi) a State or local agency respon-
8	sible for administering adult protective
9	service laws;
10	(D) the term "covered financial institu-
11	tion" means—
12	(i) a credit union;
13	(ii) a depository institution;
14	(iii) an investment adviser;
15	(iv) a broker-dealer;
16	(v) an insurance company;
17	(vi) an insurance agency; and
18	(vii) a transfer agent;
19	(E) the term "credit union" has the mean-
20	ing given the term in section 2 of the Dodd-
21	Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Pro-
22	tection Act (12 U.S.C. 5301);
23	(F) the term "depository institution" has
24	the meaning given the term in section 3(c) of

1	the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C
2	1813(e));
3	(G) the term "exploitation" means the
4	fraudulent or otherwise illegal, unauthorized, or
5	improper act or process of an individual, includ-
6	ing a caregiver or a fiduciary, that—
7	(i) uses the resources of a senior cit-
8	izen for monetary or personal benefit, prof-
9	it, or gain; or
10	(ii) results in depriving a senior cit
11	izen of rightful access to or use of benefits
12	resources, belongings, or assets;
13	(H) the term "insurance agency" means
14	any business entity that sells, solicits, or nego-
15	tiates insurance coverage;
16	(I) the term "insurance company" has the
17	meaning given the term in section 2(a) of the
18	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C
19	80a-2(a));
20	(J) the term "insurance producer" means
21	an individual who is required under State law
22	to be licensed in order to sell, solicit, or nego-
23	tiate insurance coverage;
24	(K) the term "investment adviser" has the
25	meaning given the term in section 202(a) of the

1	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
2	80b-2(a));
3	(L) the term "investment adviser rep-
4	resentative" means an individual who—
5	(i) is employed by, or associated with
6	an investment adviser; and
7	(ii) does not perform solely clerical or
8	ministerial acts;
9	(M) the term "registered representative"
10	means an individual who represents a broker-
11	dealer in effecting or attempting to effect a
12	purchase or sale of securities;
13	(N) the term "senior citizen" means an in-
14	dividual who is not younger than 65 years of
15	age;
16	(O) the term "State" means each of the
17	several States, the District of Columbia, and
18	any territory or possession of the United States
19	(P) the term "State insurance regulator"
20	has the meaning given the term in section 315
21	of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C.
22	6735);
23	(Q) the term "State securities or law en-
24	forcement authority" has the meaning given the

1	term in section 24(f)(4) of the Securities Ex-
2	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. $78x(f)(4)$ ); and
3	(R) the term "transfer agent" has the
4	meaning given the term in section 3(a) of the
5	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
6	78c(a)).
7	(2) Immunity from suit.—
8	(A) Immunity for individuals.—An in-
9	dividual who has received the training described
10	in subsection (b) shall not be liable, including in
11	any civil or administrative proceeding, for dis-
12	closing the suspected exploitation of a senior
13	citizen to a covered agency if the individual, at
14	the time of the disclosure—
15	(i) served as a supervisor or compli-
16	ance officer (including as a Bank Secrecy
17	Act officer) for, or, in the case of a reg-
18	istered representative, investment adviser
19	representative, or insurance producer, was
20	affiliated or associated with, a covered fi-
21	nancial institution; and
22	(ii) made the disclosure—
23	(I) in good faith; and
24	(II) with reasonable care.

1	(B) Immunity for covered financial
2	INSTITUTIONS.—A covered financial institution
3	shall not be liable, including in any civil or ad-
4	ministrative proceeding, for a disclosure made
5	by an individual described in subparagraph (A)
6	if—
7	(i) the individual was employed by, or
8	in the case of a registered representative
9	insurance producer, or investment adviser
10	representative, affiliated or associated
11	with, the covered financial institution at
12	the time of the disclosure; and
13	(ii) before the time of the disclosure
14	each individual described in subsection
15	(b)(1) received the training described in
16	subsection (b).
17	(C) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
18	subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be construed to
19	limit the liability of an individual or a covered
20	financial institution in a civil action for any act
21	omission, or fraud that is not a disclosure de-
22	scribed in subparagraph (A).
23	(b) Training.—
24	(1) In general.—A covered financial institu-
25	tion or a third party selected by a covered financial

1	institution may provide the training described in
2	paragraph (2)(A) to each officer or employee of, or
3	registered representative, insurance producer, or in-
4	vestment adviser representative affiliated or associ-
5	ated with, the covered financial institution who—
6	(A) is described in subsection (a)(2)(A)(i);
7	(B) may come into contact with a senior
8	citizen as a regular part of the professional du-
9	ties of the individual; or
10	(C) may review or approve the financial
11	documents, records, or transactions of a senior
12	citizen in connection with providing financial
13	services to a senior citizen.
14	(2) Content.—
15	(A) In General.—The content of the
16	training that a covered financial institution or
17	a third party selected by the covered financial
18	institution may provide under paragraph (1)
19	shall—
20	(i) be maintained by the covered fi-
21	nancial institution and made available to a
22	covered agency with examination authority
23	over the covered financial institution, upon
24	request, except that a covered financial in-

stitution shall not be required to maintain

1	or make available such content with re-
2	spect to any individual who is no longer
3	employed by, or affiliated or associated
4	with, the covered financial institution;
5	(ii) instruct any individual attending
6	the training on how to identify and report
7	the suspected exploitation of a senior cit-
8	izen internally and, as appropriate, to gov-
9	ernment officials or law enforcement au-
10	thorities, including common signs that in-
11	dicate the financial exploitation of a senior
12	citizen;
13	(iii) discuss the need to protect the
14	privacy and respect the integrity of each
15	individual customer of the covered financial
16	institution; and
17	(iv) be appropriate to the job respon-
18	sibilities of the individual attending the
19	training.
20	(B) Timing.—The training under para-
21	graph (1) shall be provided—
22	(i) as soon as reasonably practicable;
23	and
24	(ii) with respect to an individual who
25	begins employment, or becomes affiliated

1	or associated, with a covered financial in-
2	stitution after the date of enactment of
3	this Act, not later than 1 year after the
4	date on which the individual becomes em-
5	ployed by, or affiliated or associated with,
6	the covered financial institution in a posi-
7	tion described in subparagraph (A), (B), or
8	(C) of paragraph (1).
9	(C) Records.—A covered financial insti-
10	tution shall—
11	(i) maintain a record of each indi-
12	vidual who—
13	(I) is employed by, or affiliated
14	or associated with, the covered finan-
15	cial institution in a position described
16	in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of
17	paragraph (1); and
18	(II) has completed the training
19	under paragraph (1), regardless of
20	whether the training was—
21	(aa) provided by the covered
22	financial institution or a third
23	party selected by the covered fi-
24	nancial institution;

1	(bb) completed before the in-
2	dividual was employed by, or af-
3	filiated or associated with, the
4	covered financial institution; and
5	(cc) completed before, on, or
6	after the date of enactment of
7	this Act; and
8	(ii) upon request, provide a record de-
9	scribed in clause (i) to a covered agency
10	with examination authority over the cov-
11	ered financial institution.
12	(c) Relationship to State Law.—Nothing in this
13	section shall be construed to preempt or limit any provi-
14	sion of State law, except only to the extent that subsection
15	(a) provides a greater level of protection against liability
16	to an individual described in subsection $(a)(2)(A)$ or to
17	a covered financial institution described in subsection
18	(a)(2)(B) than is provided under State law.
19	SEC. 304. RESTORATION OF THE PROTECTING TENANTS AT
20	FORECLOSURE ACT OF 2009.
21	(a) Repeal of Sunset Provision.—Section 704 of
22	the Protecting Tenants at Foreclosure Act of 2009 (12
23	U.S.C. 5201 note; 12 U.S.C. 5220 note; 42 U.S.C. 1437f
24	note) is repealed.

1	(b) Restoration.—Sections 701 through 703 of the
2	Protecting Tenants at Foreclosure Act of 2009, the provi-
3	sions of law amended or repealed by such sections, and
4	any regulations promulgated pursuant to such sections, as
5	were in effect on December 30, 2014, are restored and
6	revived.
7	(c) Effective Date.—Subsections (a) and (b) shall
8	take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date of
9	enactment of this Act.
10	SEC. 305. REMEDIATING LEAD AND ASBESTOS HAZARDS.
11	Section 109(a)(1) of the Emergency Economic Sta-
12	bilization Act of 2008 (12 U.S.C. 5219(a)(1)) is amended
13	in the second sentence, by inserting "and to remediate
14	lead and asbestos hazards in residential properties" before
15	the period at the end.
16	TITLE IV—TAILORING REGULA-
17	TIONS FOR CERTAIN BANK
18	HOLDING COMPANIES
19	SEC. 401. ENHANCED SUPERVISION AND PRUDENTIAL
20	STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN BANK HOLDING
21	COMPANIES.
22	(a) In General.—Section 165 of the Financial Sta-
23	bility Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5365) is amended—
24	(1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) in paragraph (1), in the matter pre-
2	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking
3	"\$50,000,000,000" and inserting
4	"\$250,000,000,000"; and
5	(B) in paragraph (2)—
6	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
7	"may" and inserting "shall";
8	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
9	"\$50,000,000,000" and inserting "the ap-
10	plicable threshold"; and
11	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(C) RISKS TO FINANCIAL STABILITY AND
14	SAFETY AND SOUNDNESS.—The Board of Gov-
15	ernors may by order or rule promulgated pursu-
16	ant to section 553 of title 5, United States
17	Code, apply any prudential standard established
18	under this section to any bank holding company
19	or bank holding companies with total consoli-
20	dated assets equal to or greater than
21	\$100,000,000,000 to which the prudential
22	standard does not otherwise apply provided that
23	the Board of Governors—
24	"(i) determines that application of the
25	prudential standard is appropriate—

1	"(I) to prevent or mitigate risks
2	to the financial stability of the United
3	States, as described in paragraph (1);
4	or
5	"(II) to promote the safety and
6	soundness of the bank holding com-
7	pany or bank holding companies; and
8	"(ii) takes into consideration the bank
9	holding company's or bank holding compa-
10	nies' capital structure, riskiness, com-
11	plexity, financial activities (including finan-
12	cial activities of subsidiaries), size, and any
13	other risk-related factors that the Board of
14	Governors deems appropriate.";
15	(2) in subsection $(b)(1)$ —
16	(A) in subparagraph (A)(iv), by striking
17	"and credit exposure report"; and
18	(B) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by inserting
19	", including credit exposure reports" before the
20	semicolon at the end;
21	(3) in subsection $(d)(2)$ , in the matter pre-
22	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking "shall" and in-
23	serting "may";

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             (4)
                   in
                        subsection
                                      (h)(2),
                                                     striking
                                               by
 2
        "$10,000,000,000" each place that term appears
 3
        and inserting "$50,000,000,000";
 4
             (5) in subsection (i)—
 5
                  (A) in paragraph (1)(B)(i)—
                      (i) by striking "3" and inserting "2";
 6
 7
                  and
                       (ii) by striking ", adverse,"; and
 8
                  (B) in paragraph (2)(A)—
 9
10
                       (i) in the first sentence, by striking
                  "semiannual" and inserting "periodic";
11
12
                  and
13
                       (ii) in the second sentence—
14
                           (I)
                                        by
                                                     striking
                       "$10,000,000,000"
15
                                             and
                                                    inserting
                       "$250,000,000,000"; and
16
17
                           (II) by striking "annual" and in-
18
                       serting "periodic"; and
19
             (6) in subsection (j)(1), in the first sentence, by
20
        striking
                    "$50,000,000,000"
                                            and
                                                    inserting
21
        "$250,000,000,000".
22
        (b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in sub-
23
    section (a) shall be construed to limit—
24
             (1) the authority of the Board of Governors of
25
        the Federal Reserve System, in prescribing pruden-
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- 1 tial standards under section 165 of the Financial 2 Stability Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5365) or any other 3 law, to tailor or differentiate among companies on 4 an individual basis or by category, taking into con-5 sideration their capital structure, riskiness, com-6 plexity, financial activities (including financial activities of their subsidiaries), size, and any other risk-7 8 related factors that the Board of Governors deems 9 appropriate; or 10 (2) the supervisory, regulatory, or enforcement 11 authority of an appropriate Federal banking agency 12 to further the safe and sound operation of an insti-13 tution under the supervision of the appropriate Fed-14 eral banking agency. 15 (c) Technical and Conforming Amendments.— 16 (1) FINANCIAL STABILITY ACT OF 2010.—The 17 Financial Stability Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5311 et 18 seq.) is amended— 19 (A) in section 115(a)(2)(B) (12 U.S.C. 20 5325(a)(2)(B)), by striking "\$50,000,000,000" 21 and inserting "the applicable threshold";
  - (B) in section 116(a) (12 U.S.C. 5326(a)), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "\$50,000,000,000" and inserting "\$250,000,000,000";

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1	(C) in section 121(a) (12 U.S.C. 5311(a)),
2	in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by strik-
3	ing "\$50,000,000,000" and inserting
4	``\$250,000,000,000'';
5	(D) in section 155(d) (12 U.S.C. 5345(d)),
6	by striking "50,000,000,000" and inserting
7	``\$250,000,000,000'';
8	(E) in section 163(b) (12 U.S.C. 5363(b)),
9	by striking "\$50,000,000,000" each place that
10	term appears and inserting
11	"\$250,000,000,000"; and
12	(F) in section 164 (12 U.S.C. 5364), by
13	striking "\$50,000,000,000" and inserting
14	``\$250,000,000,000``.
15	(2) Federal reserve act.—Paragraph (2) of
16	the second subsection (s) (relating to assessments)
17	of section 11 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C.
18	248(s)(2)) is amended—
19	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
20	(i) by striking "\$50,000,000,000" and
21	inserting "\$250,000,000,000"; and
22	(ii) by inserting "and" after the semi-
23	colon at the end;
24	(B) by striking subparagraph (B); and

1 (C) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as 2 subparagraph (B).

## (d) Effective Date.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act with respect to any bank holding company with total consolidated assets of less than \$100,000,000,000.
- (3) Additional authority.—Before the effective date described in paragraph (1), the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System may by order exempt any bank holding company with total consolidated assets of less than \$250,000,000,000 from any prudential standard under section 165 of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 (12 U.S.C. 5365).
- (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System from issuing an order or rule making under section 165(a)(2)(C) of the Financial Stability Act of 2010

- 1 (12 U.S.C. 5365(a)(2)(C)), as added by this section,
- 2 before the effective date described in paragraph (1).
- 3 (e) Supervisory Stress Test.—Beginning on the
- 4 effective date described in subsection (d)(1), the Board of
- 5 Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall, on a peri-
- 6 odic basis, conduct supervisory stress tests of bank holding
- 7 companies with total consolidated assets equal to or great-
- 8 er than \$100,000,000,000 and total consolidated assets
- 9 of not more than \$250,000,000,000 to evaluate whether
- 10 such bank holding companies have the capital, on a total
- 11 consolidated basis, necessary to absorb losses as a result
- 12 of adverse economic conditions.
- 13 (f) Global Systemically Important Bank
- 14 HOLDING COMPANIES.—Any bank holding company, re-
- 15 gardless of asset size, that has been identified as a global
- 16 systemically important BHC under section 217.402 of
- 17 title 12, Code of Federal Regulations, shall be considered
- 18 a bank holding company with total consolidated assets
- 19 equal to or greater than \$250,000,000,000 with respect
- 20 to the application of standards or requirements under—
- 21 (1) this section;
- 22 (2) sections 116(a), 121(a), 155(d), 163(b),
- 23 164, and 165 of the Financial Stability Act of 2010
- 24 (12 U.S.C. 5326(a), 5331(a), 5345(d), 5363(b),
- 25 5364, 5365); and

1	(3) paragraph (2)(A) of the second subsection
2	(s) (relating to assessments) of section 11 of the
3	Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 248(s)(2)).
4	SEC. 402. SUPPLEMENTARY LEVERAGE RATIO FOR CUSTO-
5	DIAL BANKS.
6	(a) Definition.—In this section, the term "custo-
7	dial bank" means any depository institution or depository
8	institution holding company for which the level of assets
9	under custody is not less than 30 times the total consoli-
10	dated assets of the depository institution or depository in-
11	stitution holding company, as applicable.
12	(b) Regulations.—
13	(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
14	"central bank" means—
15	(A) the Federal Reserve System;
16	(B) the European Central Bank; and
17	(C) central banks of member countries of
18	the Organisation for Economic Co-operation
19	and Development, if—
20	(i) the central bank of such member
21	country has been assigned a zero percent
22	risk weight under the final rule of the Of-
23	fice of the Comptroller of the Currency and
24	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
25	System entitled "Regulatory Capital Rules:

1		Regulatory Capital, Implementation of
2		Basel III, Capital Adequacy, Transition
3		Provisions, Prompt Corrective Action,
4		Standardized Approach for Risk-weighted
5		Assets, Market Discipline and Disclosure
6		Requirements, Advanced Approaches Risk-
7		Based Capital Rule, and Market Risk Cap-
8		ital Rule" (78 Fed. Reg. 62018 (October
9		11, 2013)) and the final rule of the Fed-
10		eral Deposit Insurance Corporation enti-
11		tled "Regulatory Capital Rules: Regulatory
12		Capital, Implementation of Basel III, Cap-
13		ital Adequacy, Transition Provisions,
14		Prompt Corrective Action, Standardized
15		Approach for Risk-Weighted Assets, Mar-
16		ket Discipline and Disclosure Require-
17		ments, Advanced Approaches Risk-Based
18		Capital Rule, and Market Risk Capital
19		Rule" (79 Fed. Reg. 20754 (April 14,
20		2014)); and
21		(ii) the sovereign debt of such member
22		country is not in default or has not been
23		in default during the previous 5 years.
24	(2)	REGULATIONS.—The appropriate Federal
25	banking	agencies shall promulgate regulations to

1	amend sections 3.10, 217.10, and 324.10 of title 12,
2	Code of Federal Regulations, to specify that—
3	(A) subject to subparagraph (B), funds of
4	a custodial bank that are deposited with a cen-
5	tral bank shall not be taken into account when
6	calculating the supplementary leverage ratio as
7	applied to the custodial bank; and
8	(B) with respect to the funds described in
9	subparagraph (A), any amount that exceeds the
10	total value of deposits of the custodial bank
11	that are linked to fiduciary or custodial and
12	safekeeping accounts shall be taken into ac-
13	count when calculating the supplementary lever-
14	age ratio as applied to the custodial bank.
15	(c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in sub-
16	section (b) shall be construed to limit the authority of the
17	appropriate Federal banking agencies to tailor or adjust
18	the supplementary leverage ratio or any other leverage
19	ratio for any company that is not a custodial bank.
20	SEC. 403. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN MUNICIPAL OBLIGA-
21	TIONS.
22	(a) In General.—Section 18 of the Federal Deposit
23	Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1828) is amended—
24	(1) by moving subsection (z) so that it appears
25	after subsection (y); and

1	(2) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(aa) Treatment of Certain Municipal Obliga-
3	TIONS.—
4	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
5	"(A) the term 'investment grade', with re-
6	spect to an obligation, has the meaning given
7	the term in section 1.2 of title 12, Code of Fed-
8	eral Regulations, or any successor thereto;
9	"(B) the term 'liquid and readily-market-
10	able' has the meaning given the term in section
11	249.3 of title 12, Code of Federal Regulations,
12	or any successor thereto; and
13	"(C) the term 'municipal obligation' means
14	an obligation of—
15	"(i) a State or any political subdivi-
16	sion thereof; or
17	"(ii) any agency or instrumentality of
18	a State or any political subdivision thereof.
19	"(2) Municipal obligations.—For purposes
20	of the final rule entitled 'Liquidity Coverage Ratio:
21	Liquidity Risk Measurement Standards' (79 Fed.
22	Reg. 61439 (October 10, 2014)), the final rule enti-
23	tled 'Liquidity Coverage Ratio: Treatment of U.S.
24	Municipal Securities as High-Quality Liquid Assets'
25	(81 Fed. Reg. 21223 (April 11, 2016)), and any

1	other regulation that incorporates a definition of the
2	term 'high-quality liquid asset' or another substan-
3	tially similar term, the appropriate Federal banking
4	agencies shall treat a municipal obligation as a high-
5	quality liquid asset that is a level 2B liquid asset if
6	that obligation is, as of the date of calculation—
7	"(A) liquid and readily-marketable; and
8	"(B) investment grade.".
9	(b) Amendment to Liquidity Coverage Ratio
10	REGULATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of
11	enactment of this Act, the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-
12	poration, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
13	System, and the Comptroller of the Currency shall amend
14	the final rule entitled "Liquidity Coverage Ratio: Liquidity
15	Risk Measurement Standards" (79 Fed. Reg. 61439 (Oc-
16	tober 10, 2014)) and the final rule entitled "Liquidity
17	Coverage Ratio: Treatment of U.S. Municipal Securities
18	as High-Quality Liquid Assets" (81 Fed. Reg. 21223
19	(April 11, 2016)) to implement the amendments made by
20	this Act.
21	TITLE V—STUDIES
22	SEC. 501. TREASURY REPORT ON RISKS OF CYBER
23	THREATS.
24	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment

25 of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit

1	to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
2	fairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Serv-
3	ices of the House of Representatives a report on the risks
4	of cyber threats to financial institutions and capital mar-
5	kets in the United States, including—
6	(1) an assessment of the material risks of cyber
7	threats to financial institutions and capital markets
8	in the United States;
9	(2) the impact and potential effects of material
10	cyber attacks on financial institutions and capital
11	markets in the United States;
12	(3) an analysis of how the appropriate Federal
13	banking agencies and the Securities and Exchange
14	Commission are addressing the material risks of
15	cyber threats described in paragraph (1), includ-
16	ing—
17	(A) how the appropriate Federal banking
18	agencies and the Securities and Exchange Com-
19	mission are assessing those threats;
20	(B) how the appropriate Federal banking
21	agencies and the Securities and Exchange Com-
22	mission are assessing the cyber vulnerabilities
23	and preparedness of financial institutions;
24	(C) coordination amongst the appropriate
25	Federal banking agencies and the Securities

- and Exchange Commission, and their coordination with other government agencies (including with respect to regulations, examinations, lexicon, duplication, and other regulatory tools);
- 6 (D) areas for improvement; and

and

7 (4) a recommendation of whether any appro-8 priate Federal banking agency or the Securities and 9 Exchange Commission needs additional legal au-10 thorities or resources to adequately assess and ad-11 dress the material risks of cyber threats described in 12 paragraph (1), given the analysis required by para-13 graph (3).

## 14 SEC. 502. SEC STUDY ON ALGORITHMIC TRADING.

- 15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after 16 the date of enactment of this Act, the staff of the Securi-
- 17 ties and Exchange Commission shall submit to the Com-
- 18 mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
- 19 Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the
- 20 House of Representatives a report on the risks and bene-
- 21 fits of algorithmic trading in capital markets in the United
- 22 States.
- (b) Matters Required To Be Included.—The
- 24 matters covered by the report required by subsection (a)
- 25 shall include the following:

1	(1) An assessment of the effect of algorithmic
2	trading in equity and debt markets in the United
3	States on the provision of liquidity in stressed and
4	normal market conditions.
5	(2) An assessment of the benefits and risks to
6	equity and debt markets in the United States by al-

- equity and debt markets in the United States by algorithmic trading.
- (3) An analysis of whether the activity of algorithmic trading and entities that engage in algorithmic trading are subject to appropriate Federal supervision and regulation.

## (4) A recommendation of whether—

- (A) based on the analysis described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), any changes should be made to regulations; and
- (B) the Securities and Exchange Commission needs additional legal authorities or resources to effect the changes described in subparagraph (A).

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