

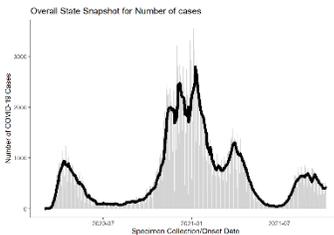
COVID-19 Update October 14, 2021

As of **October 13, 2021**, the total of laboratory-confirmed and probable COVID-19 cases reported among Connecticut residents is **396,629**, including **359,496** laboratory-confirmed and **37,133** probable cases. **Two hundred forty-four** patients are currently hospitalized with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19; of these, **187** (76.6%) are not fully vaccinated. There have been **8707** COVID-19-associated deaths.

Overall Summary	Total*	Change Since Yesterday
COVID-19 Cases (confirmed and probable)	396629	+908
COVID-19 Tests Reported (molecular and antigen)	11453513	+40775
Daily Test Positivity*		2.23%
Patients Currently Hospitalized with COVID-19	244	-1
	Total	Change since 10/7/21
COVID-19-Associated Deaths	8707	+40

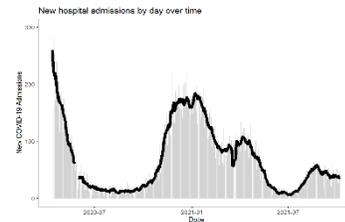
*Includes confirmed plus probable cases

Cases



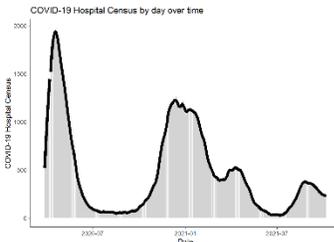
Total Cases: 396,629

Admissions



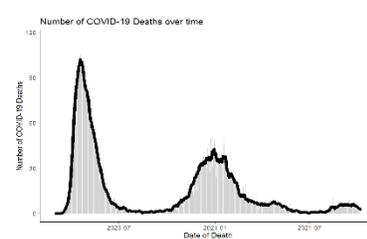
Total Hospitalizations: 40,066

Hospital Census



Hospital Census: 10/13/2021: 244

Deaths



Total Deaths: 8707

New COVID-19 cases in the past 7 days by vaccination status

Status	Case Count	Percent
New Cases	1770	
Not Fully Vaccinated	1287	72.7
Fully Vaccinated	483	27.3

COVID-19 Cases and Associated Deaths by County of Residence

As of 10/13/21.

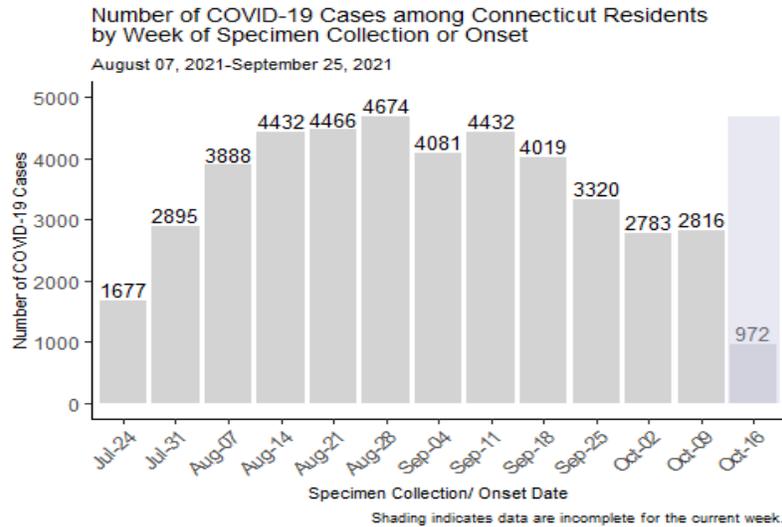
County	COVID-19 Cases		COVID-19-Associated Deaths	
	Confirmed	Probable	Confirmed	Probable
Fairfield County	100,198	11,347	1,840	452
Hartford County	89,593	7,365	2,103	470
Litchfield County	14,739	2,085	278	42
Middlesex County	13,277	1,442	298	93
New Haven County	92,966	11,221	1,911	311
New London County	25,165	1,806	373	115
Tolland County	10,058	1,060	152	45
Windham County	12,358	605	163	50
Pending address validation	1,142	202	4	7
Total	359496	37133	7122	1585

[National COVID-19 statistics](#) and information about [preventing spread of COVID-19](#) are available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

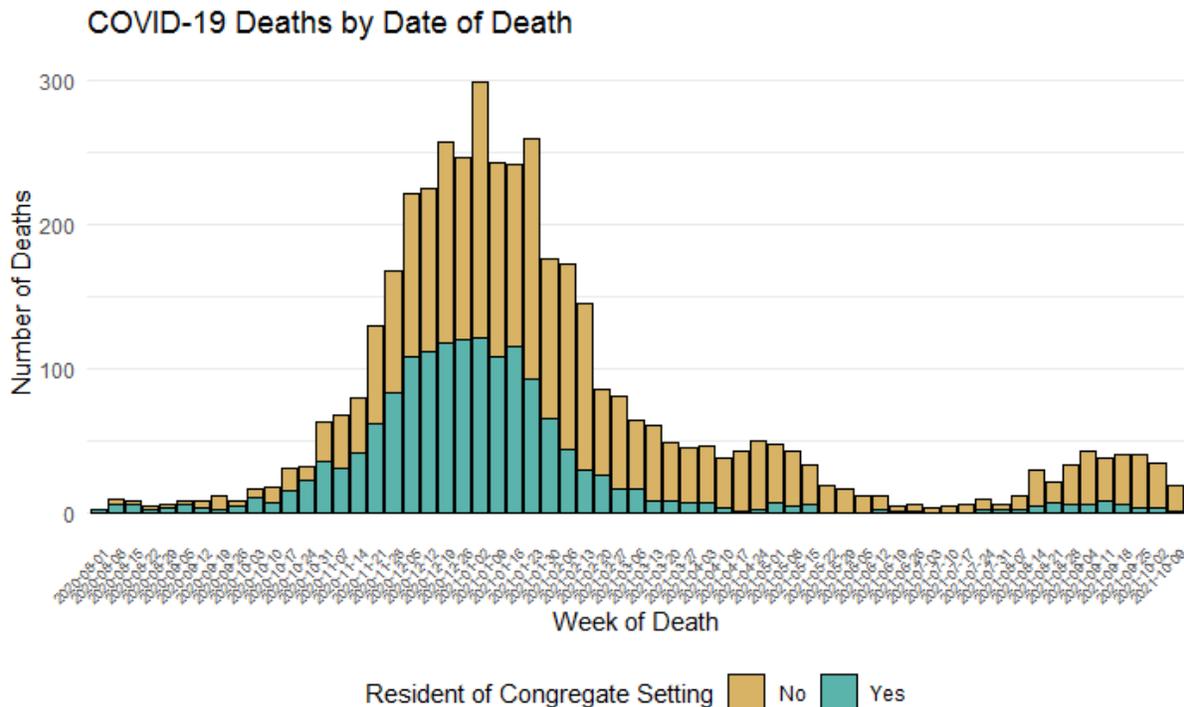
Day-to-day changes reflect newly reported cases, deaths, and tests that occurred over the last several days to week. All data in this report are preliminary; data for previous dates will be updated as new reports are received and data errors are corrected. Hospitalization data were collected by the Connecticut Hospital Association. Deaths reported to either OCME or DPH are included in the daily COVID-19 update.

COVID-19 Cases and Deaths Over Time

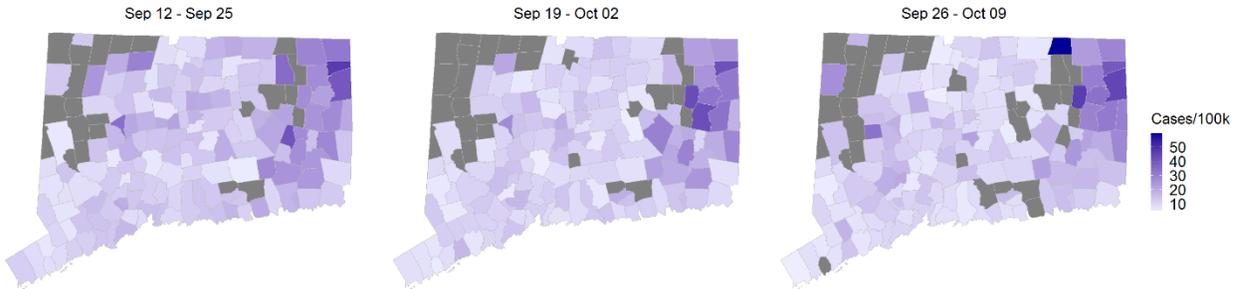
The chart below shows the number of new COVID-19 cases reported to CT DPH by week of specimen collection or onset of illness. Case data now includes probable cases based on positive antigen test results. During the past two weeks (September 26-October 09), there were 5599 new COVID-19 cases, including cases among people residing in the community and congregate settings, such as nursing homes, managed residential communities, and correctional facilities.



The graph below shows the number of COVID-19 associated deaths since August 1, 2020 by week of death and whether the person was residing in a congregate setting, such as a nursing home, managed residential community, or correctional facility.

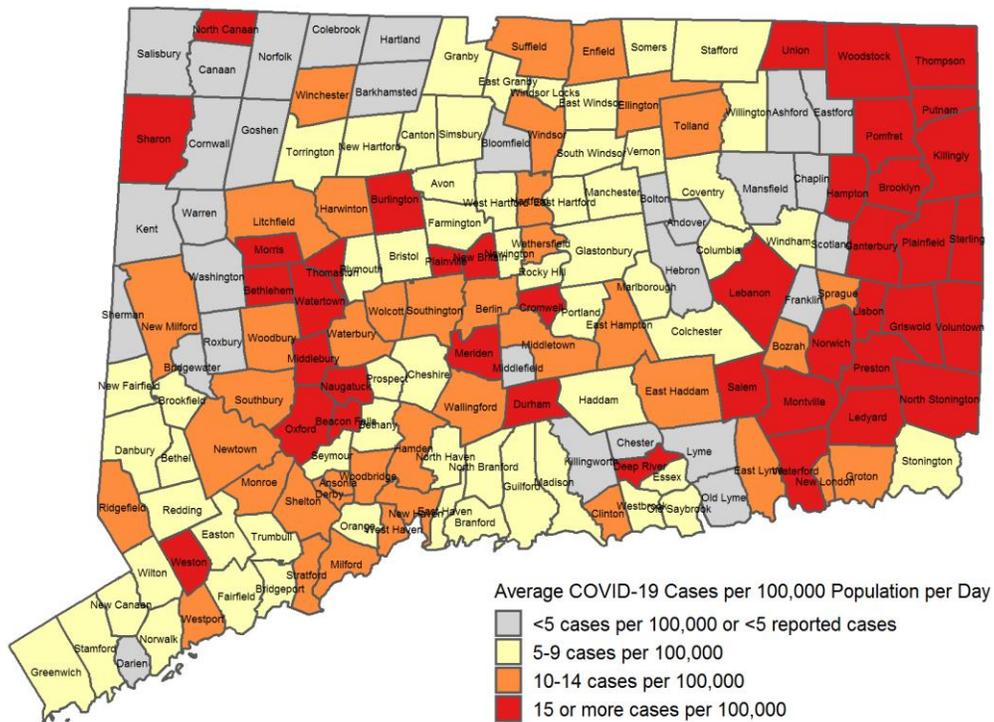


Because towns with larger populations are likely to have more cases, it is also important to look at the number of new cases per 100,000 population. The maps below show the average number of new cases per 100,000 population per day, with darker colors indicating higher rates. Cases among people residing in nursing homes, assisted living facilities, and correctional facilities are excluded.



Among towns with at least 5 new cases during September 26-October 09, 40 towns had an average rate of 15 or more cases per 100,000 population per day, shown in red in the map below.

Average Daily Rate of COVID-19 Cases among People Living in Community Settings per 100,000 Population by Town with Specimen Collection or Onset Date During September 26-October 09



Map does not include 19 cases pending address validation

Epidemiology of COVID-19 by Vaccine Status

Methodology

Since February 2021, cases of COVID-19 among fully vaccinated persons (e.g., vaccine breakthrough cases) were identified based on a medical provider report to DPH identifying such cases. Recently, DPH developed a process that matches COVID-19 case data with the vaccine registry to determine which cases meet the definition of being fully vaccinated and are also vaccine breakthrough cases. A case of COVID-19 in a fully vaccinated person (e.g., vaccine breakthrough case) is defined as a person who has a positive PCR/NAAT or antigen test in a respiratory specimen collected ≥ 14 days after completing the final dose of an FDA-authorized or approved COVID-19 vaccine series and who did not have a previously positive COVID-19 test < 45 days prior to the positive test currently under investigation. This newer process provides more accurate and complete data on the vaccine status of persons who have tested positive for COVID-19.

Data

As of October 14, 2021, 15,089 cases of COVID-19 among fully vaccinated persons in Connecticut have been identified. Of the 2,375,355 persons who have completed their vaccine series, 0.64 percent of Connecticut's fully vaccinated persons have contracted the virus.

One hundred and forty-four COVID-19 related deaths have occurred among the 15,089 fully vaccinated persons confirmed with COVID-19. These deaths represent 12% of all COVID-19 deaths since 2/9/2021.

The table below shows cases and deaths among fully vaccinated persons by age group.

Cases and Deaths Among Fully Vaccinated Persons by Age Group

Age groups	# (%) Cases	# (%) Deaths
≤ 15	231 (1.5%)	
16-24	1698 (11.3%)	
25-34	2303 (15.3%)	
35-44	2464 (16.3%)	1 (0.7%)
45-54	2604 (17.3%)	4 (2.8%)
55-64	2674 (17.7%)	17 (11.8%)
65-74	1659 (11%)	19 (13.2%)
75+	1456 (9.6%)	103 (71.5%)
TOTAL	15,089	144

The figures below show the difference in COVID-19 case rates, death rates and hospitalization rates based on the vaccine status of affected persons from February–October 2021. For hospitalizations, data from [COVID-NET](#), which focuses on hospitalizations among residents of New Haven and Middlesex counties, are used because they are the most complete and up-to-date.

The risk of being infected, hospitalized or dying from COVID-19 has changed over time. The risk is higher when there is more virus spreading from person to person; being vaccinated against COVID-19 decreases the risk. The figures below show that COVID-19 case rates, hospitalization rates and death rates have increased the most among unvaccinated persons. The figures also show the relative risk (RR) which is the difference in risk when comparing rates between vaccinated and unvaccinated persons. When the relative risk is InfX, it means the risk was only for unvaccinated persons, since no deaths were reported among vaccinated persons that week.

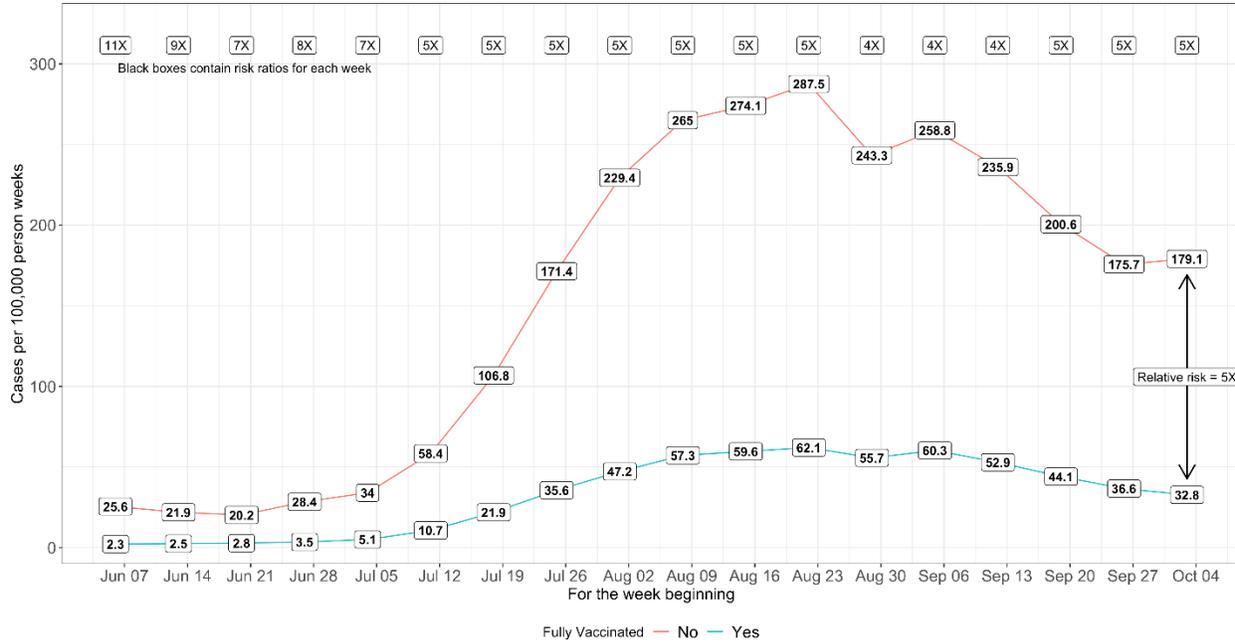
As of October 14, 2021, the plots below are age-adjusted. The process of age-adjustment allows for comparison of rates between groups when the age distributions of the two groups (e.g., vaccinated and unvaccinated) are different.

Compared to being vaccinated, being unvaccinated currently has the following relative risk:

- 5 Times higher risk of being infected with COVID-19
- 11 Times higher risk of dying from COVID-19
- 74 Times higher risk of being hospitalized with COVID-19

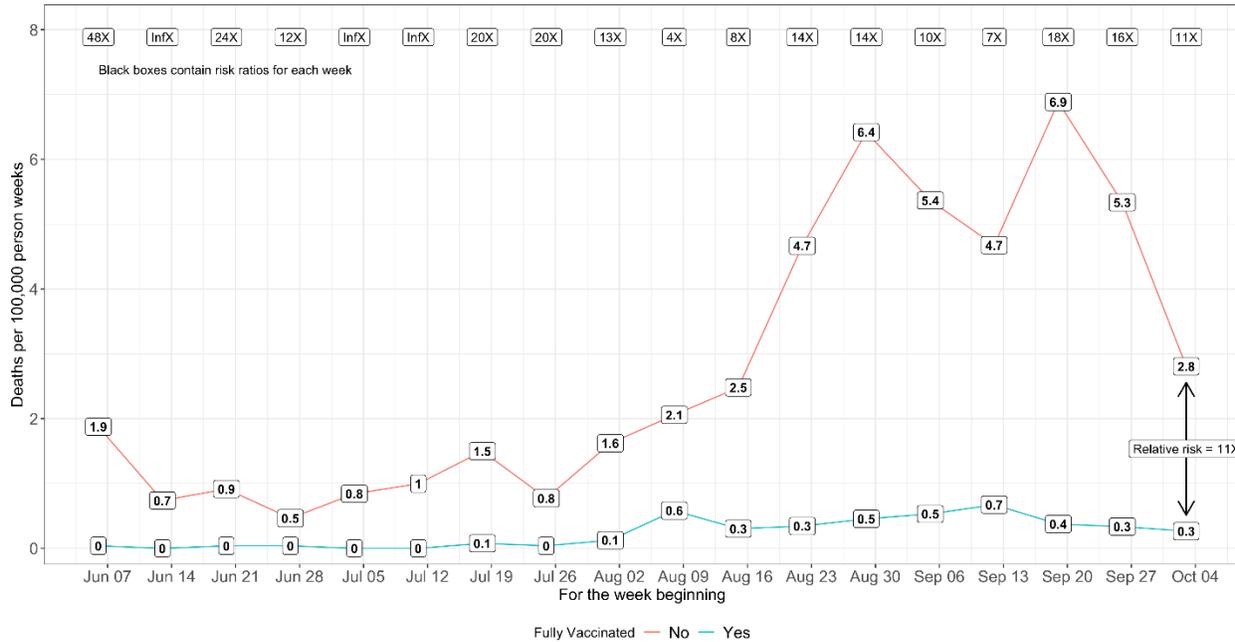
COVID-19 Cases

Age Standardized Covid-19 Case Rates by Vaccination Status, CT
As of 10/12/2021



COVID-19 Deaths

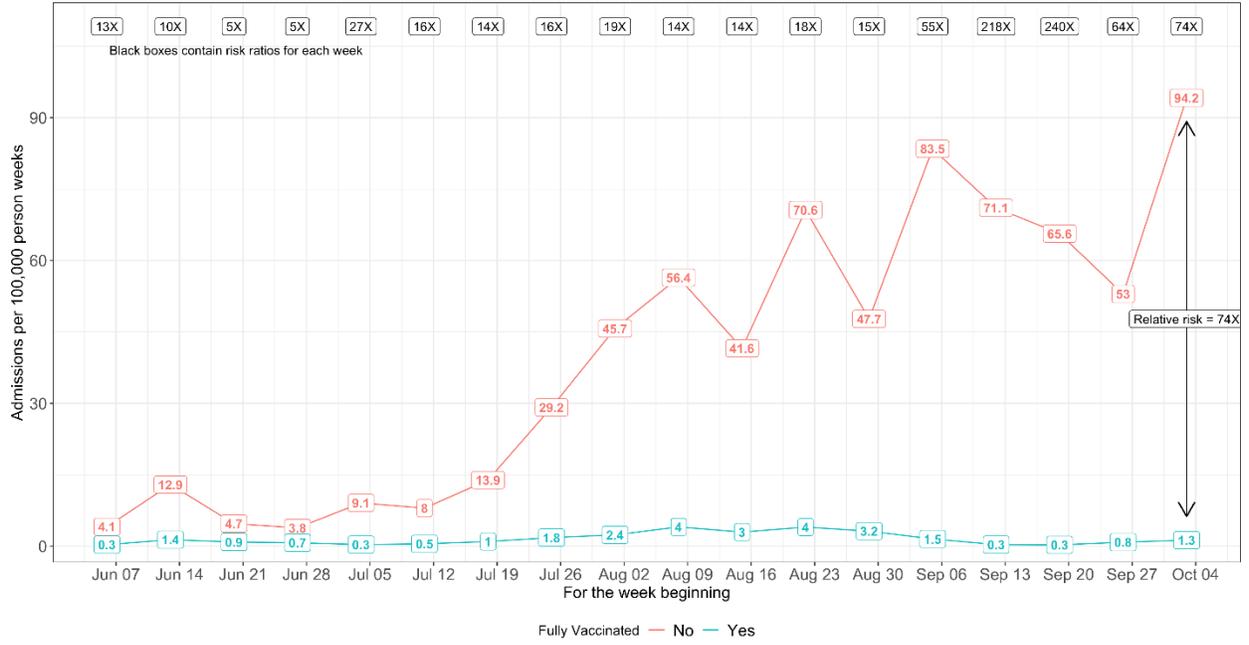
Age Standardized Covid-19 Mortality Rates by Vaccination Status, CT
As of 10/12/2021



All data are preliminary and subject to change.

COVID-19 Hospitalizations

Age Standardized Covid-19 Hospital Admission Rates by Vaccination Status, CT
As of 10/12/2021



SARS-CoV-2 Variant Surveillance

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) have identified three types of SARS-CoV-2 variants: variants of concern, variants being monitored, and variants of high consequence. The definitions for the three different variant categories and substitutions of therapeutic concern can be found here: [SARS-CoV-2 Variants of Concern | CDC](#).

Different terminology has been developed by international scientists for naming SARS-CoV-2 variants. Recently, the World Health Organization (WHO) developed new labels for describing these variants to the public. Below, both the Pango lineage and sub-lineages (used by CDC) and the WHO label are listed (if available) for each variant described.

Data provided are from the Global Initiative for Sharing Avian Influenza Data (GISAID). GISAID is a global science initiative established in 2008 that provides open-access to genomic data of influenza viruses and the SARS-CoV-2 virus responsible for the COVID-19 pandemic. Laboratories performing whole genome sequencing are encouraged to share their data on this website. More information about GISAID can be found at [GISAID - Initiative](#). This data source provides the ability to monitor all variants of the SARS-CoV-2 virus that are circulating and might be identified in the future.

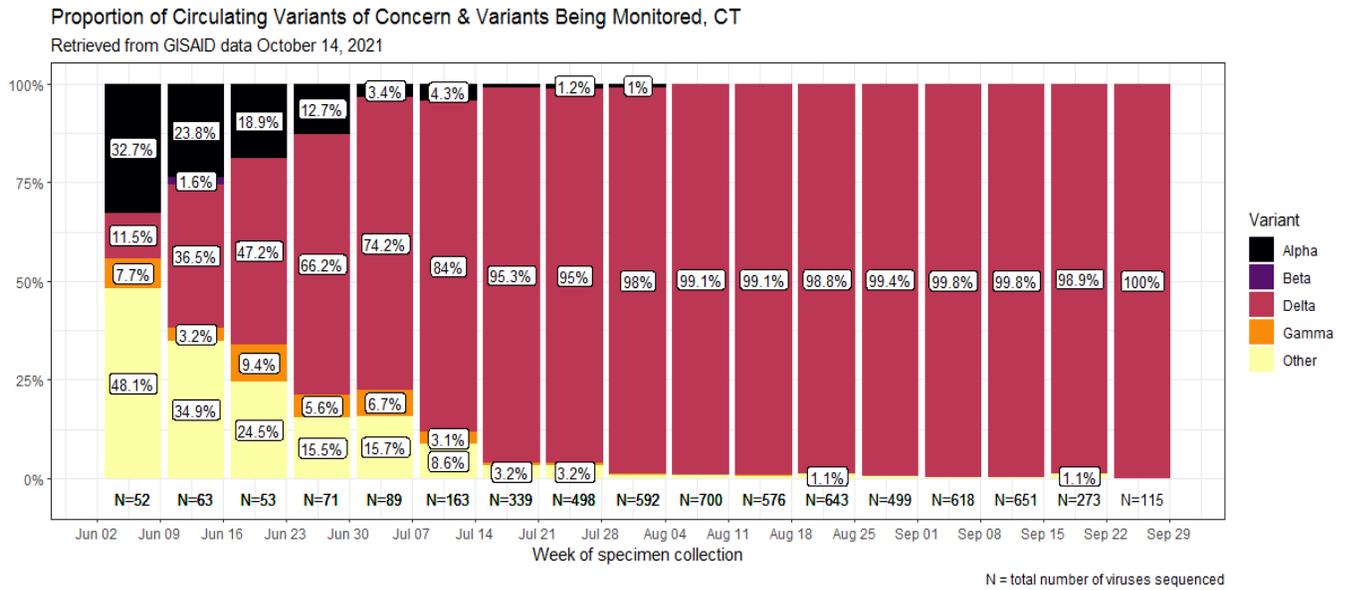
Below are data on variants of concern and variants being monitored identified among Connecticut residents. No variants of high consequence have been defined by CDC to date.

Data are from GISAID as of 10/14/2021 and represent sequences from specimens with dates of collection from 3/2/2020–10/02/2021. **The total number of SARS-CoV-2 sequences in GISAID for Connecticut residents are 14,271.**

	Number	Percentage
Variants of Concern		
B.1.617.2 and all AY lineages (Delta)	5,775	40.5%
Variants Being Monitored		
B.1.1.7 and Q lineages (Alpha)	3,526	24.7%
B.1.351 and descendent lineages (Beta)	42	0.3%
P.1 and descendent lineages (Gamma)	219	1.5%
B.1.427/429 (Epsilon)	215	1.5%
B.1.525 (Eta)	21	0.1%
B.1.526 (Iota)	1,595	11.2%
B.1.617.1 (Kappa)	7	0.05%
B.1.617.3	0	0%
B.1.621, B.1.621.1 (Mu)	121	0.8%
P.2 (Zeta)	9	0.06%

SARS-CoV-2 Variant Surveillance, continued.

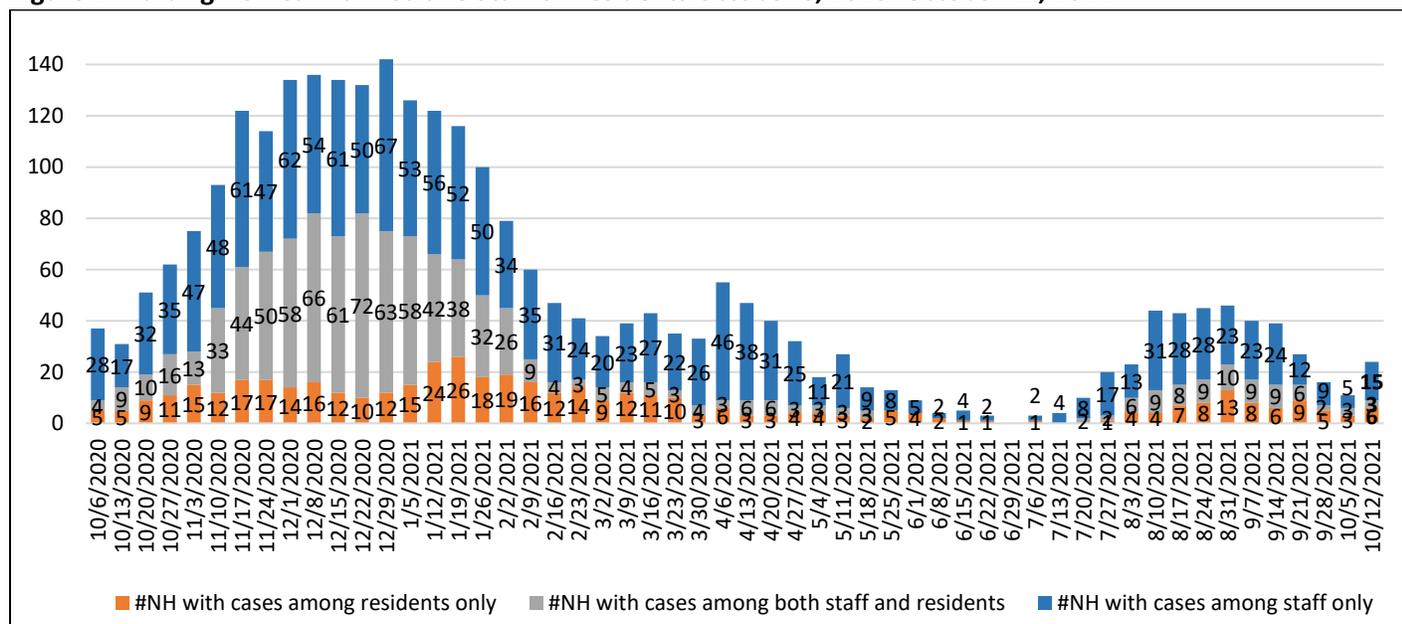
The plot below, based on data extracted from GISAID on 10/14/2021, shows the change in proportion of circulating variants of concern by week. Data include sequences from specimens with dates of collection from 3/2/2020–10/02/2021.



Nursing Home Surveillance

Connecticut nursing homes are required by the Connecticut Department of Public Health (DPH) and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to report on the impact of COVID-19 on their residents and staff through CDC's National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN). CT DPH uses data submitted to NHSN to produce a weekly nursing home report to depict recent COVID-19 activity in nursing homes. The following graph and table provide a quick overview of COVID-19 in CT nursing homes. For the complete DPH nursing home report, please see [Nursing Home and Assisted Living Facilities Data](#).

Figure 1. Nursing Homes with Positive Staff or Residents October 6, 2020–October 12, 2021^{1,2,3}



¹ For more detailed information on COVID-19 reporting and NHSN, please see [here](#).

² Similar to DPH, CMS makes COVID-19 nursing home data, including vaccination rates, publicly available. Please see [CMS' COVID-19 Nursing Home Data website](#).

³ 15 facilities did not report for this week, as of October 14, 2021.

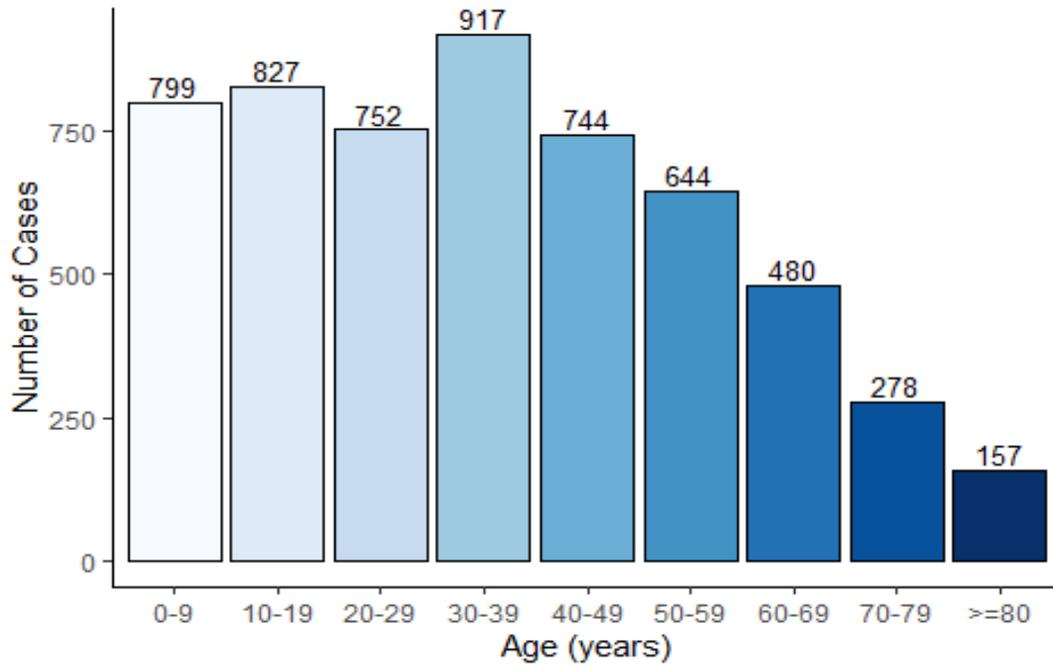
Table 1: Statewide COVID-19 Vaccination coverage among nursing home residents and staff from NHSN^{1,2}

	Statewide COVID-19 Vaccination Rate Data as of October 3, 2021	
	Resident Vaccination Rates N= 199 homes	Staff Vaccination Rates N= 196 homes
Average Vaccination Rate	91%	94%
Median Vaccination Rate	95%	96%
Range of Vaccination Rates	66-100%	77-100%
% of the reporting nursing homes with vaccination rate ≥ 90%	71%	81%

¹ NHSN vaccine reporting instructions for nursing homes can be found [here](#).

² Similar to DPH, CMS makes COVID-19 nursing home data, including vaccination rates, publicly available. Please see [CMS' COVID-19 Nursing Home Data website](#).

Number of New COVID-19 Cases by Age Group with Collection or Onset during September 26-October 9, 2021

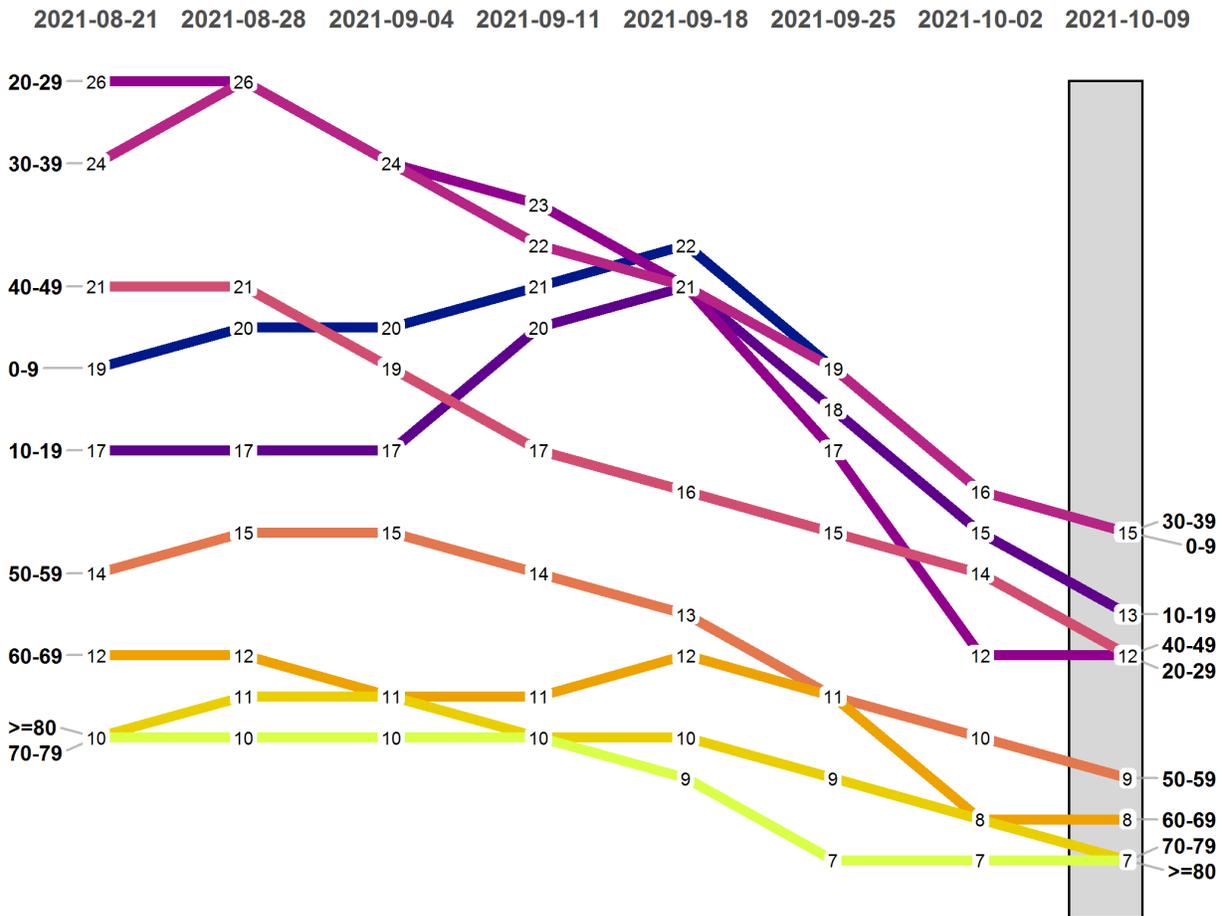


Average Daily Incidence by Age Group

The chart below shows the average number of new COVID-19 cases per day per 100,000 population by age group. The rates in this chart are calculated by averaging the number of new cases diagnosed each day during the previous two weeks, dividing by the annual population in each age group, and then multiplying by 100,000.

Average daily rate of COVID-19 cases by age group

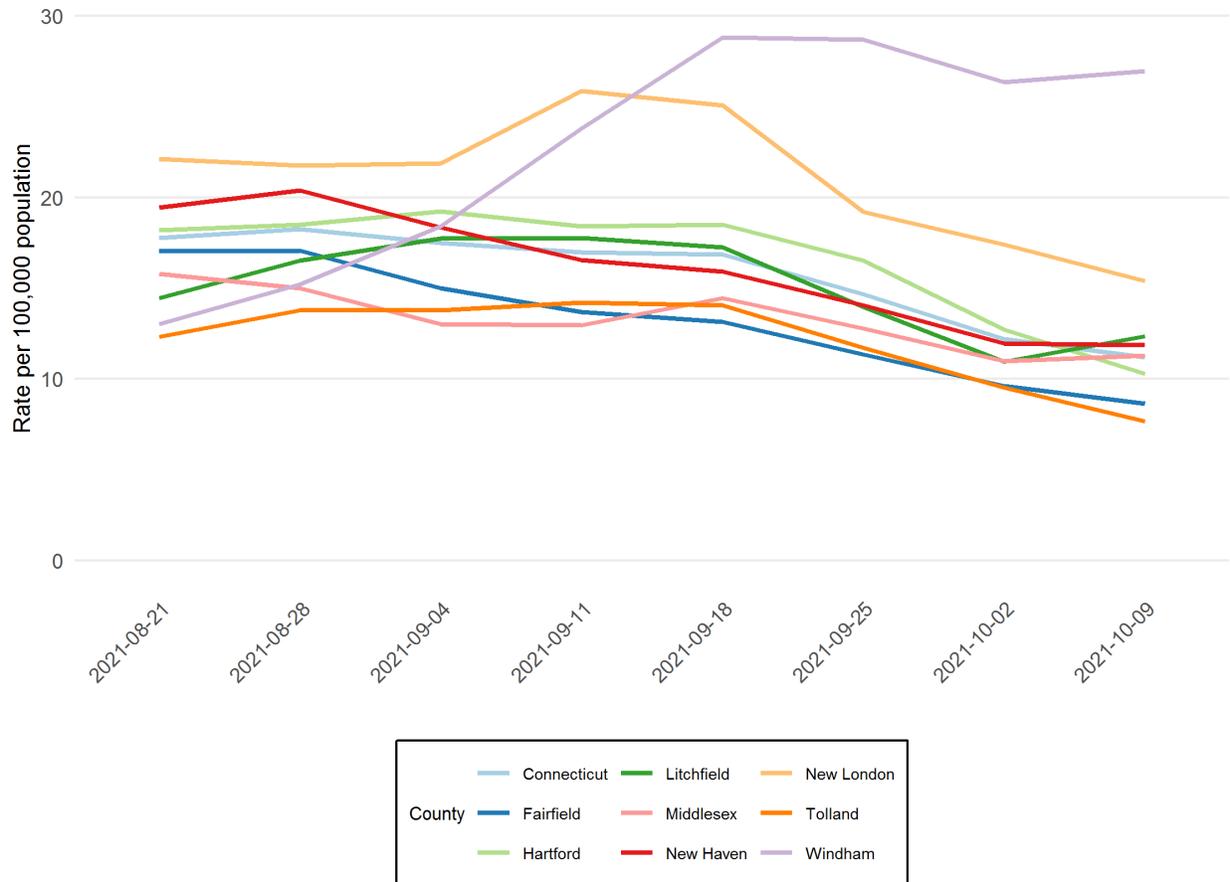
As of 10/13/2021



Average Daily Incidence by County

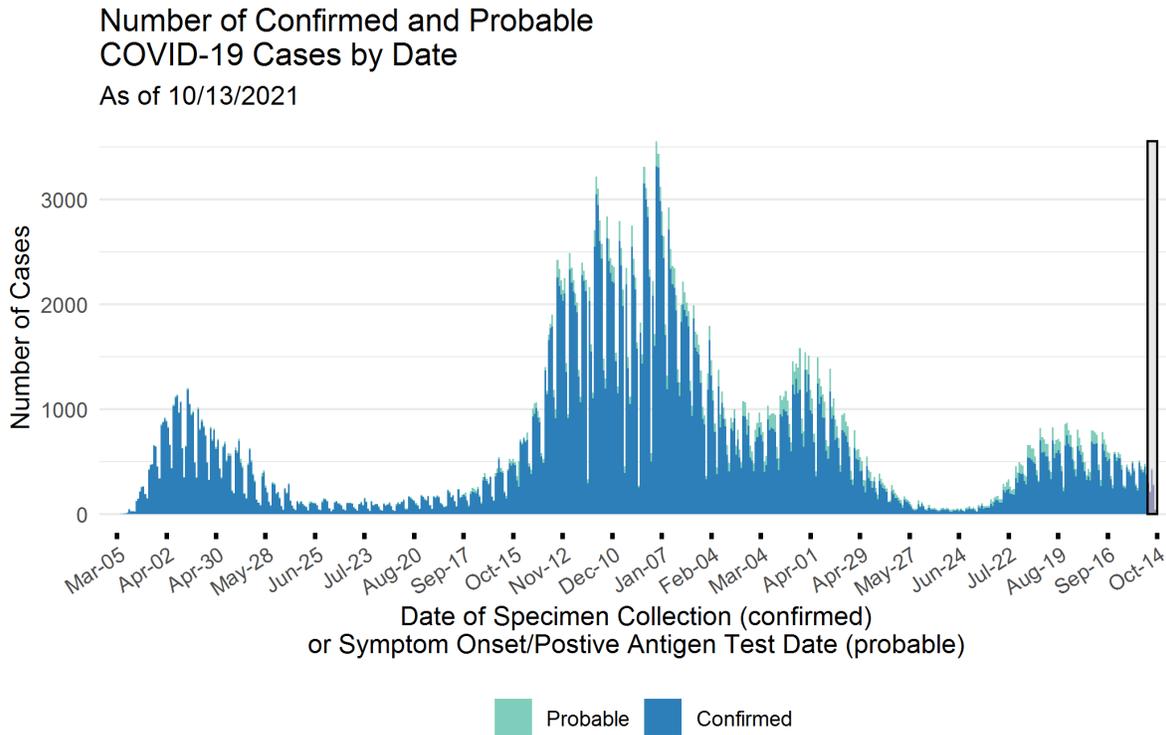
The chart below shows the average number of new COVID-19 cases per day per 100,000 population in the state of Connecticut and for each Connecticut county. The rates in this chart are calculated by averaging the number of new cases diagnosed each day during the previous two weeks, dividing by the annual estimated population, and then multiplying by 100,000.

Average daily rates of COVID-19 cases by county
As of 10/13/2021



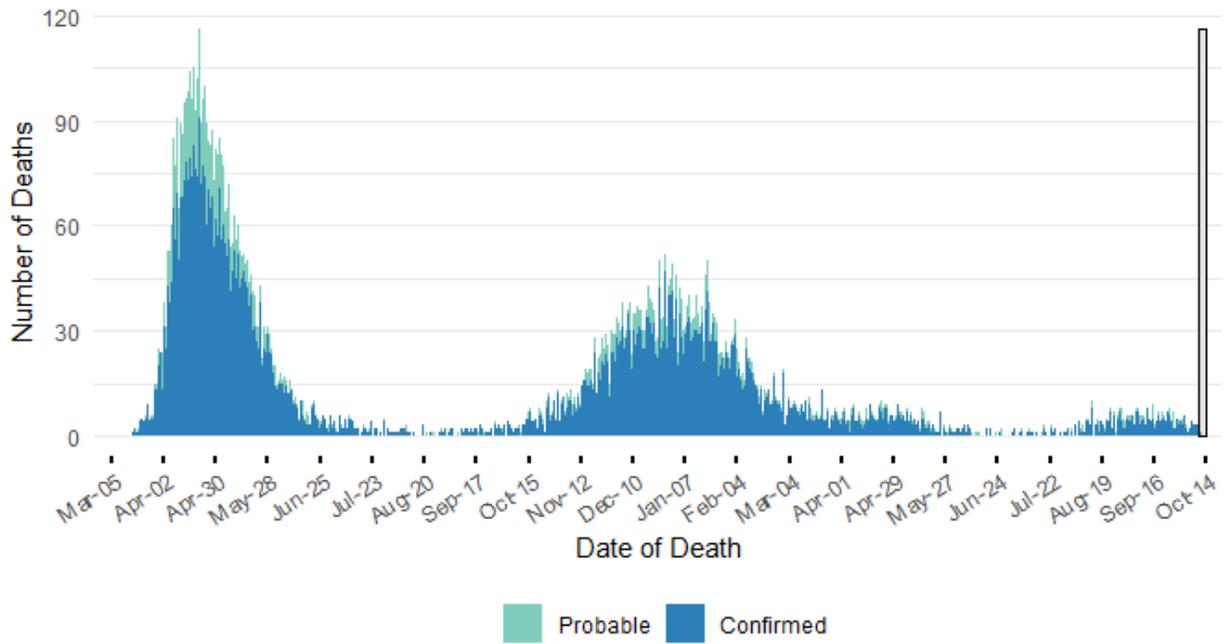
Cumulative Number of COVID-19 Cases and COVID-19-Associated Deaths by Date

Test results may be reported several days after the result. Data are incomplete for most recent dates shaded in grey. Data from previous dates are routinely updated.



Number of COVID-19-Associated Deaths by Date of Death

As of 10/13/2021

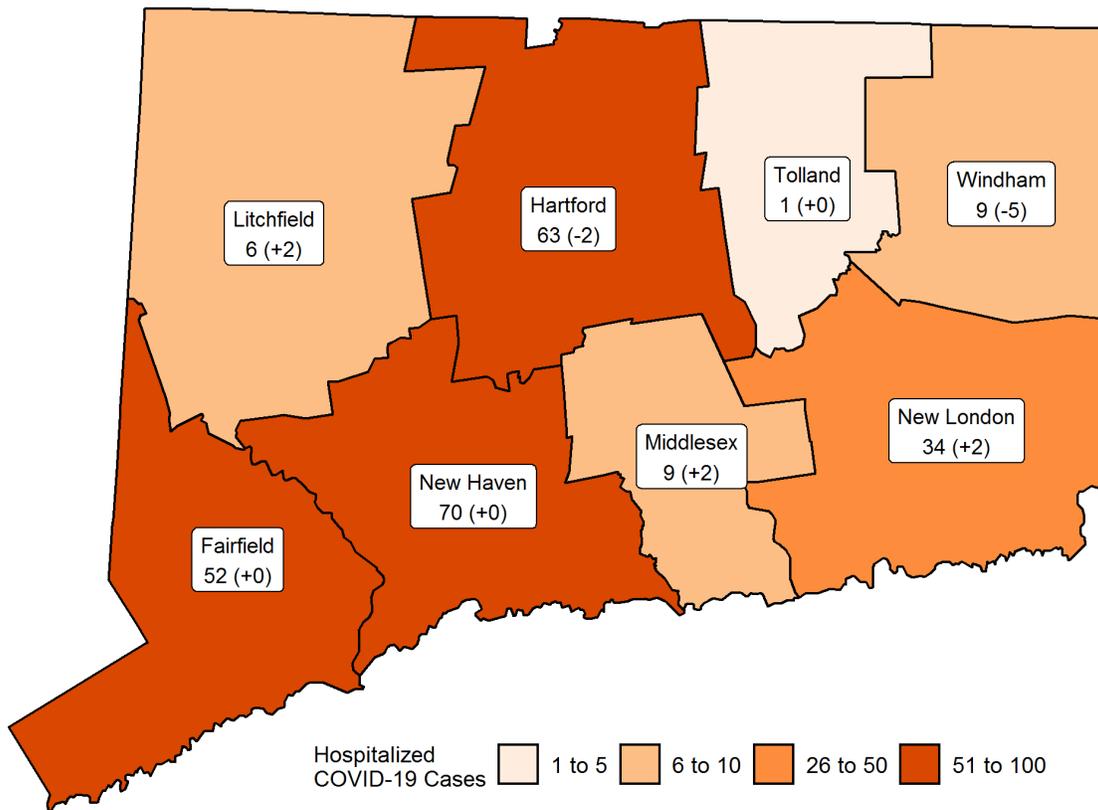


Hospitalization Surveillance

The map below shows the number of patients currently hospitalized with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 by county based on data collected by the Connecticut Hospital Association. The distribution is by location of hospital, not patient residence. The labels indicate the number of patients currently hospitalized with the change since yesterday in parentheses.

Patients Currently Hospitalized by Connecticut County

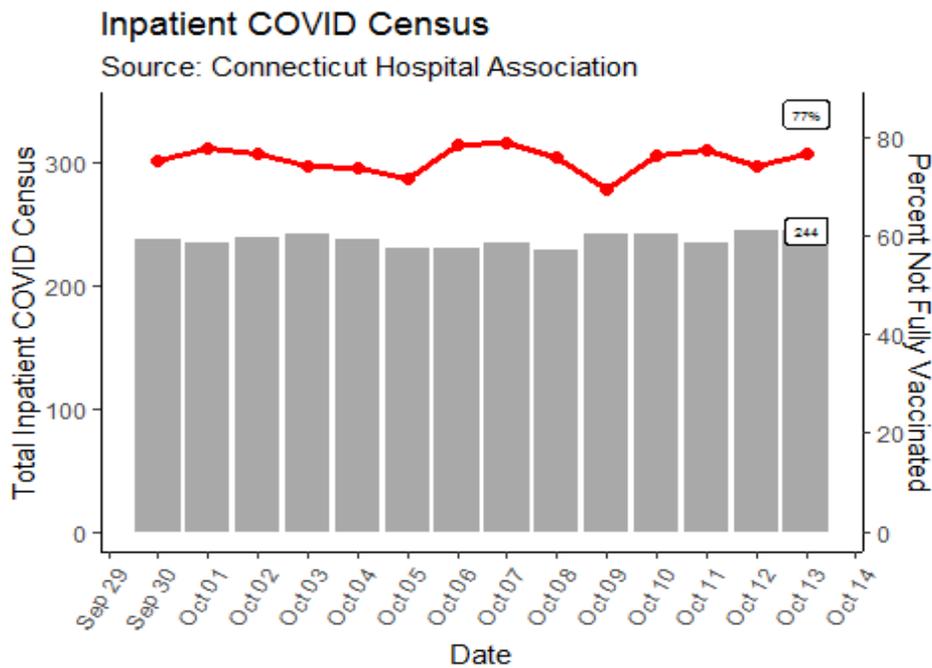
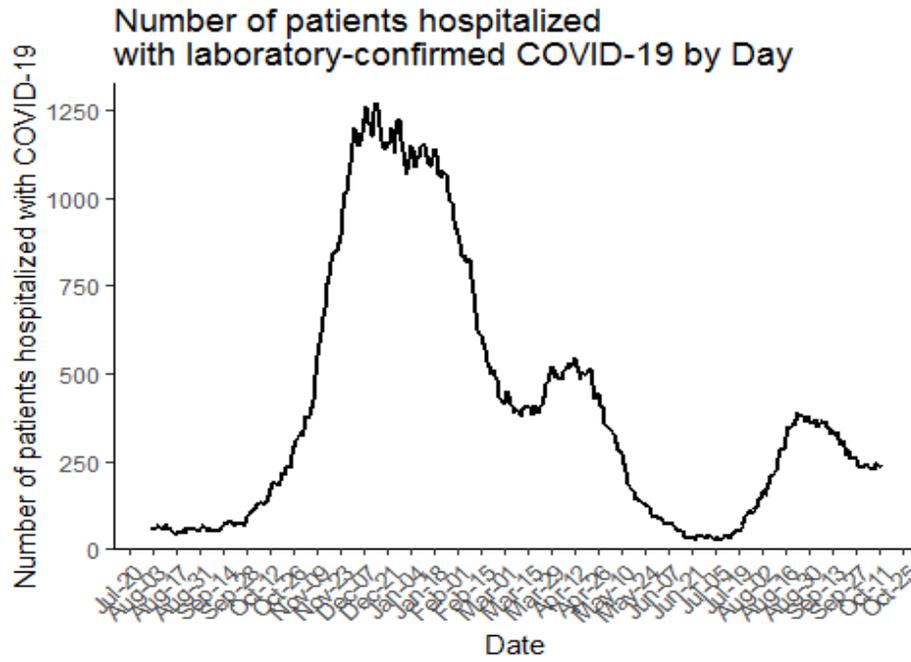
Distribution by location of hospital not patient residence. Data from the Connecticut Hospital Association.



More information about hospitalized cases of COVID-19 in New Haven and Middlesex Counties is available from [COVID-NET](#).

COVID-19 Hospital Census in Connecticut

The chart below shows the COVID-19 hospital census, which is the number of patients currently hospitalized with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 on each day. Data were collected by the Connecticut Hospital Association and are shown since August 1, 2020.

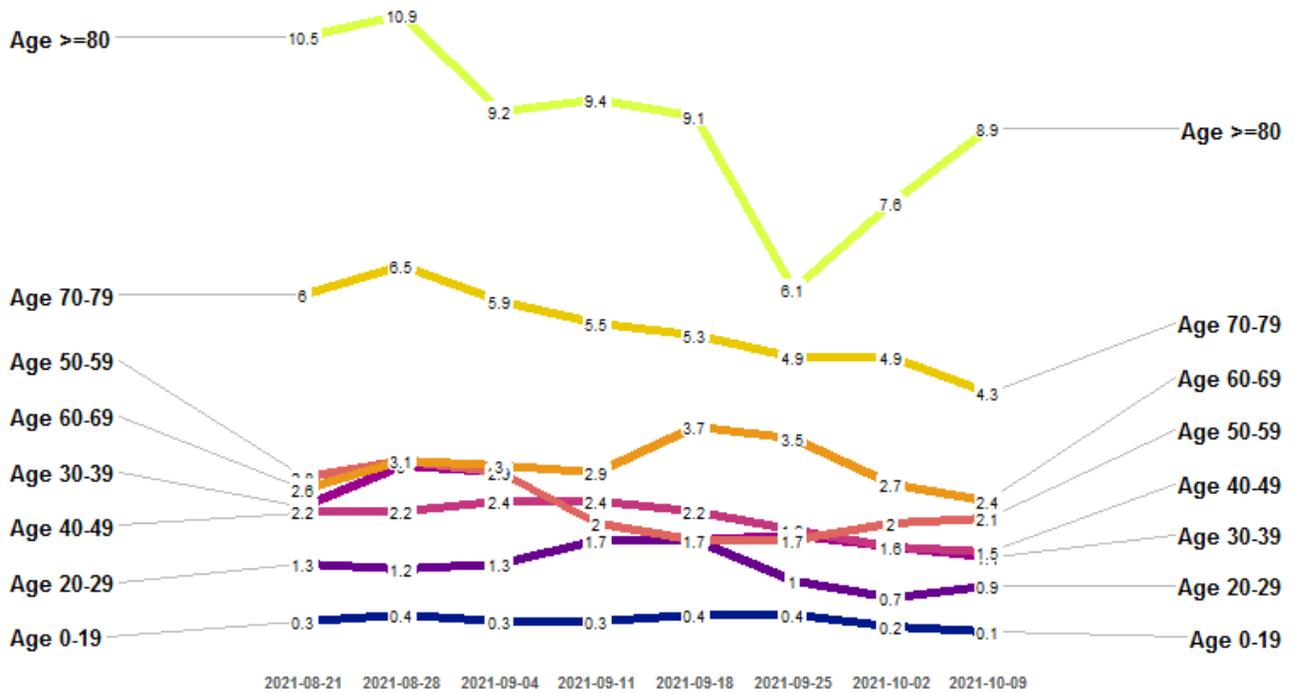


COVID-19 Admissions

The chart below shows the average daily rate of hospital admissions with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 by age group. The data used to create this plot were gathered from HHS Protect. More information on HHS Protect data can be found here: <https://protect-public.hhs.gov/>.

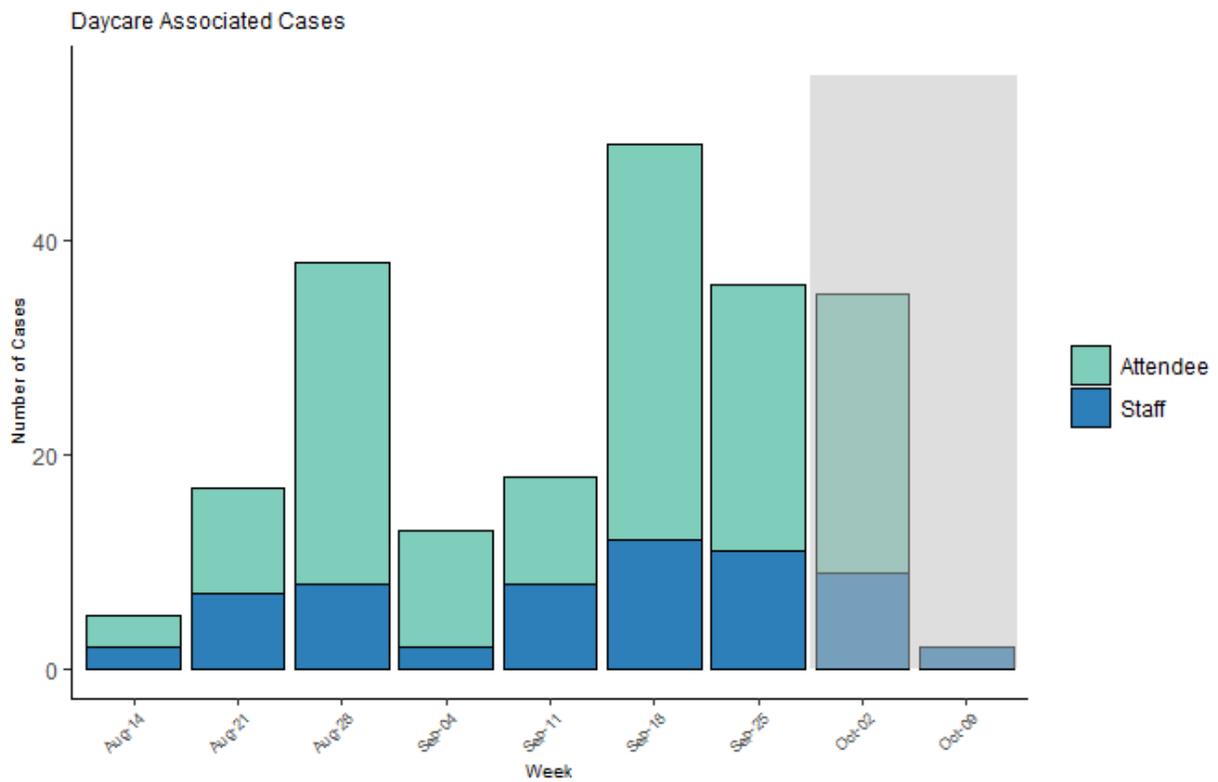
Average daily COVID-19 hospital admission rate per 100,000, Connecticut

Data from HHS Protect



Daycare Surveillance

Licensed daycare providers are required to report cases of COVID-19 among attendees and staff to the Department of Public Health (DPH) and the local health department. This figure shows the number of cases among daycare attendees and staff reported to DPH over the last 8 weeks. Data are preliminary and like other passive surveillance systems, under reporting occurs and the true incidence of disease is more than the number of cases reported. Data in the grey shaded area are incomplete.

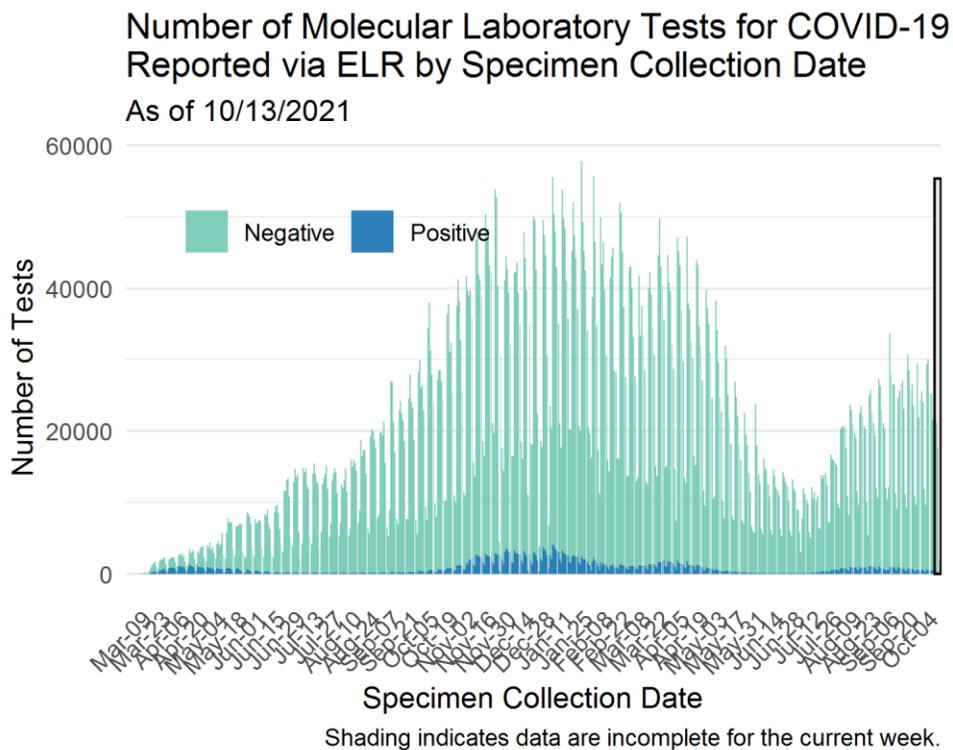


Laboratory Surveillance

Molecular Tests

To date, DPH has received reports on a total of 10398089 molecular COVID-19 laboratory tests; of these 10211491 test results were received via electronic laboratory reporting (ELR) methods from commercial laboratories, hospital laboratories, and the Dr. Katherine A. Kelley State Public Health Laboratory. The chart below shows the number of tests reported via ELR by date of specimen collection and test result.

Test results may be reported several days after specimen collection. Data are incomplete for most recent dates shaded in grey. Data for previous dates are routinely updated.



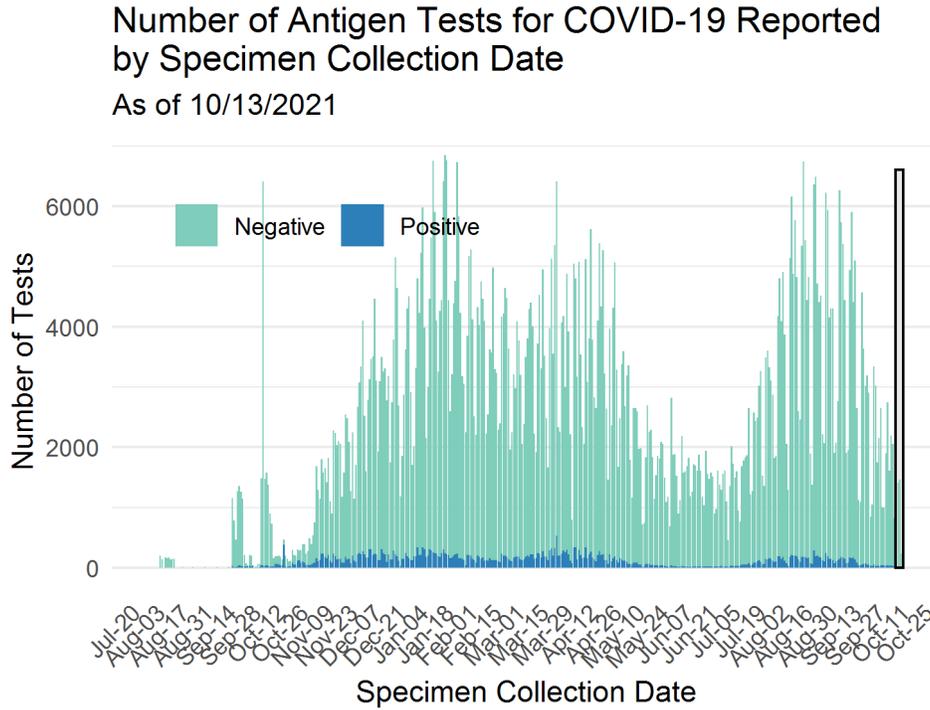
Testing of recently collected specimens is ongoing and does not reflect a decrease in testing. Chart only includes test results received by electronic laboratory reporting.

ELR = Electronic Laboratory Reporting

Antigen Tests

To date, DPH has received reports on a total of 1055424 COVID-19 antigen laboratory tests. The chart below shows the number of antigen tests reported to DPH by specimen collection date and test result.

Test results may be reported several days after specimen collection. Data are incomplete for most recent dates shaded in grey. Data for previous dates are routinely updated.

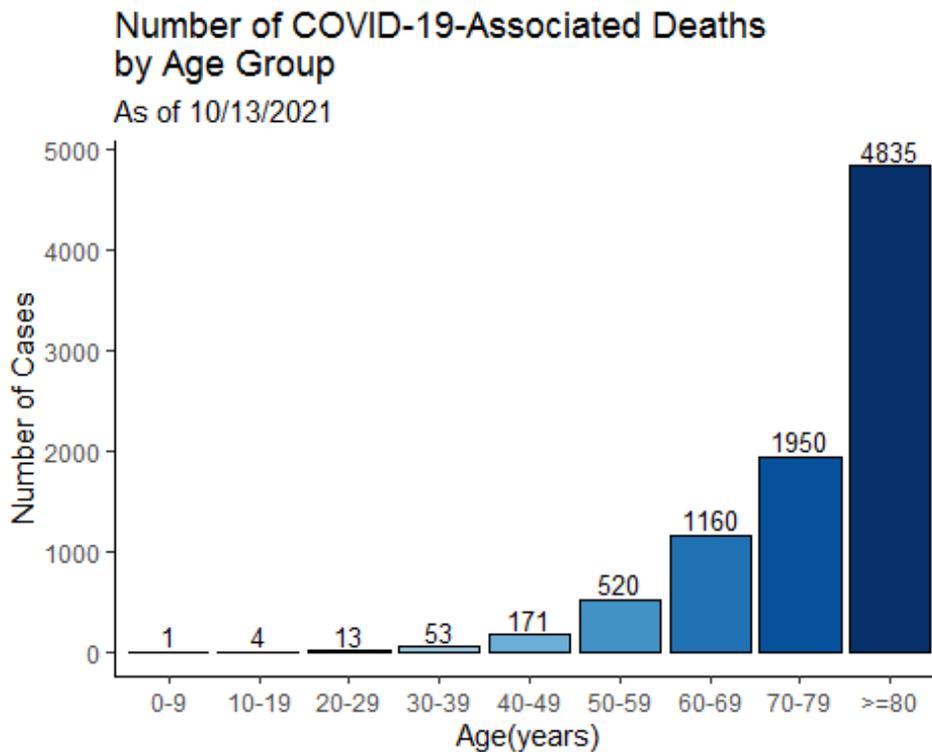
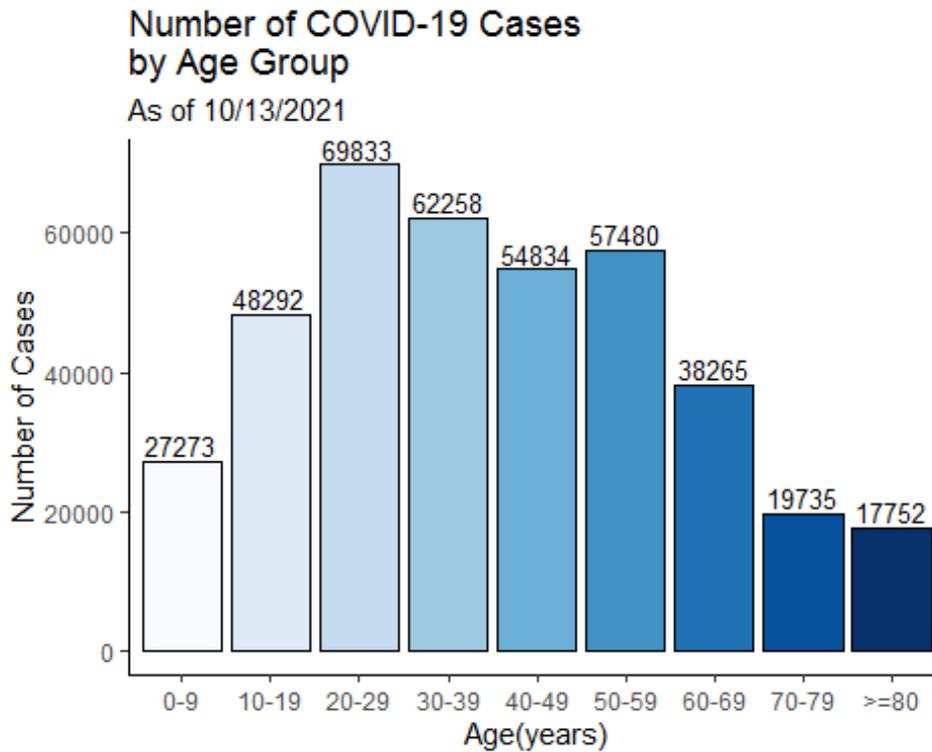


Shading indicates data are incomplete for the current week.

Testing of recently collected specimens is ongoing and does not reflect a decrease in testing.

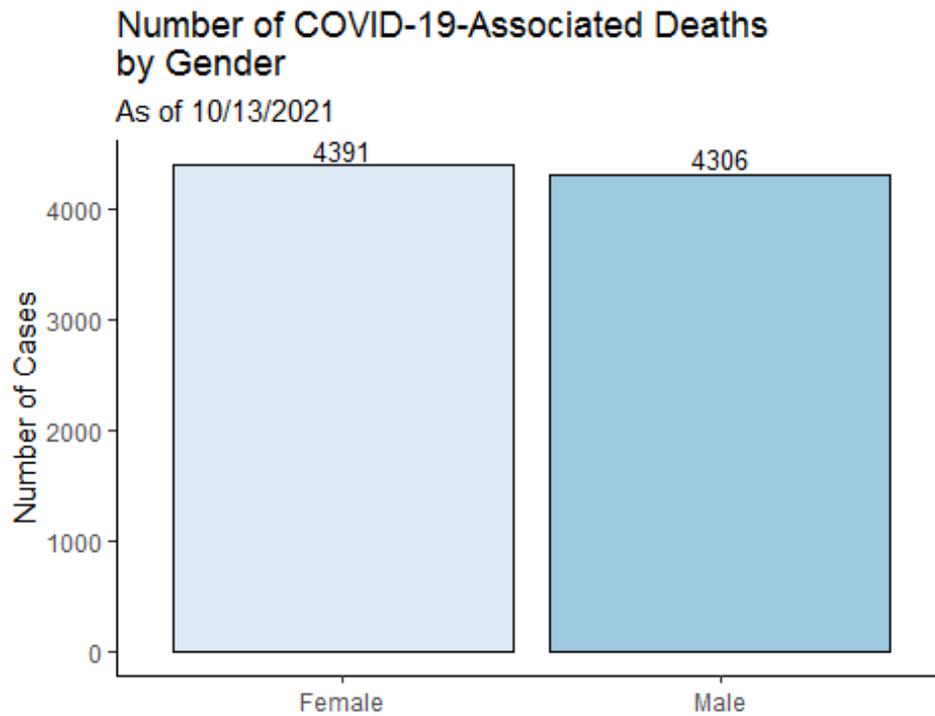
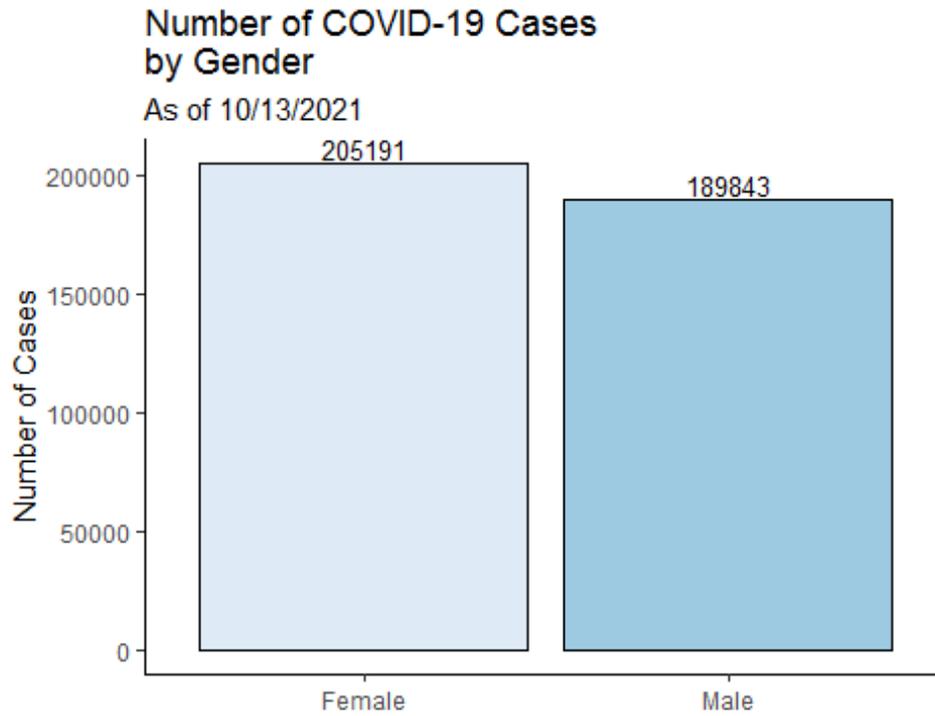
Characteristics of COVID-19 Cases and Associated Deaths

Counts may not add up to total case count because demographic data may be missing.



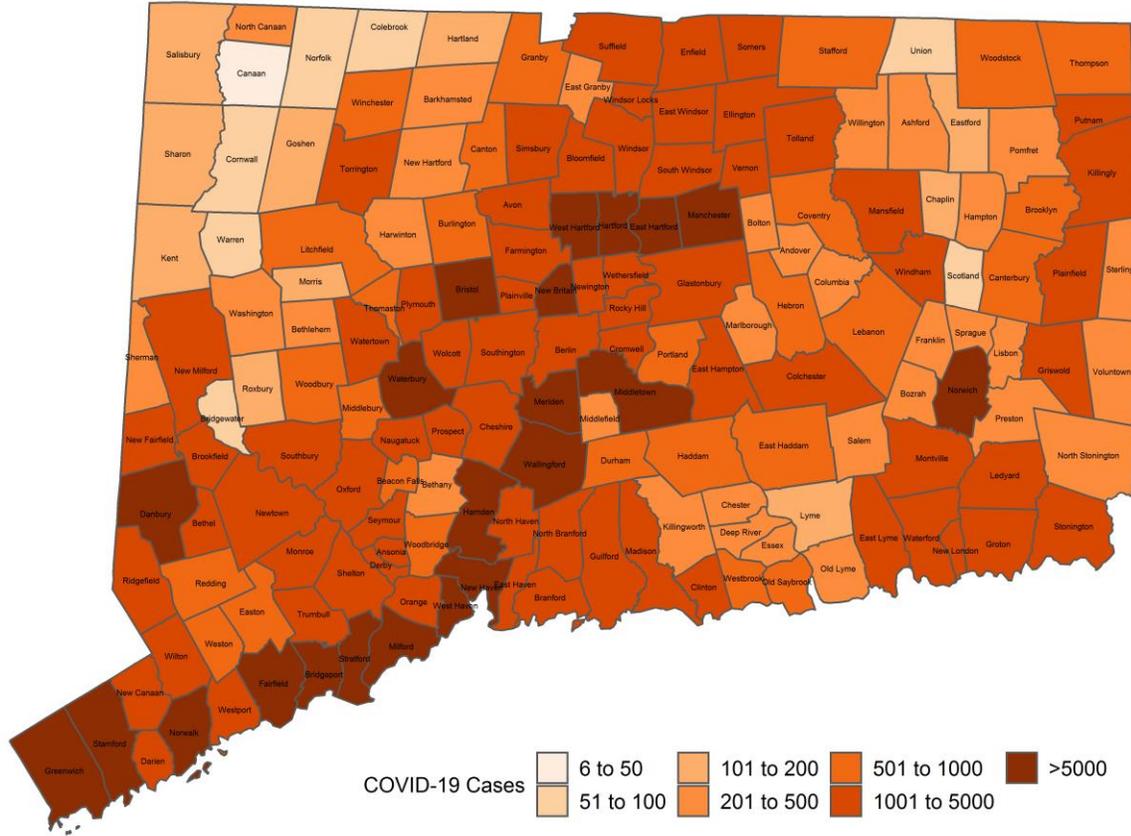
All data are preliminary and subject to change.

Counts may not add up to total case count because demographic data may be missing.



Cumulative Number of COVID-19 Cases by Town

Map does not include 1344 cases pending address validation

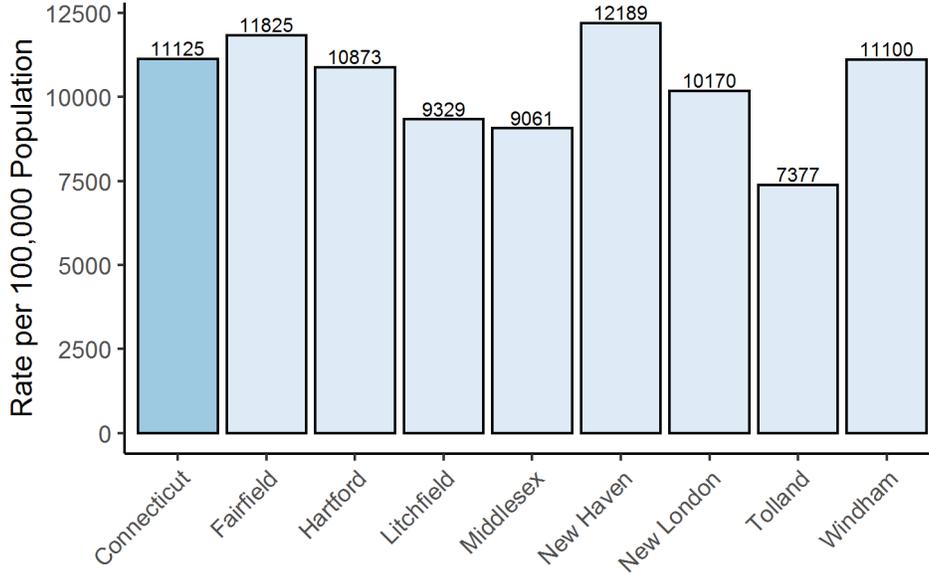


All data are preliminary and subject to change.

APPENDIX A. The following graphs show the number of cases per 100,000 Connecticut residents statewide and by county, age group, and gender. Population estimate from: [DPH Population Statistics](#)

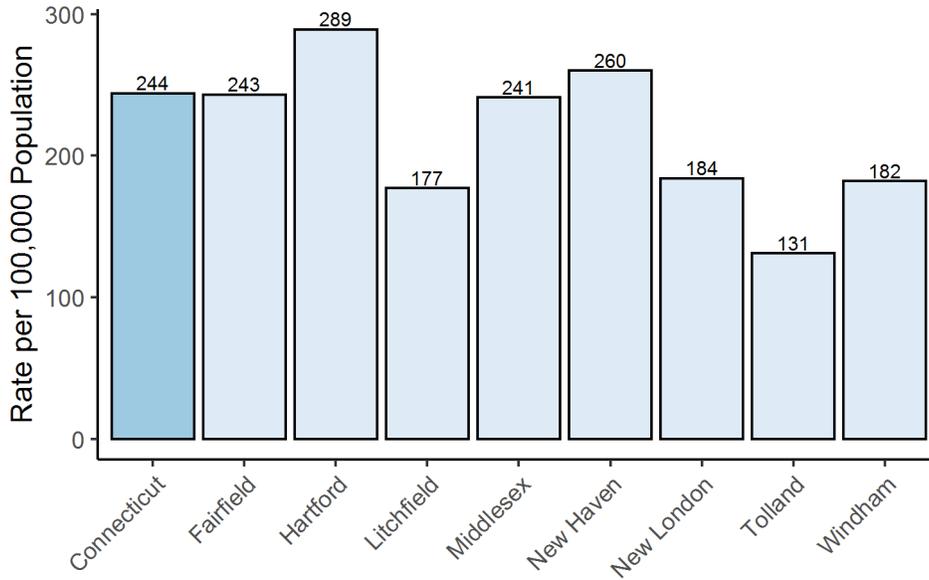
Rate of COVID-19 Cases Statewide and by County

As of 10/13/2021



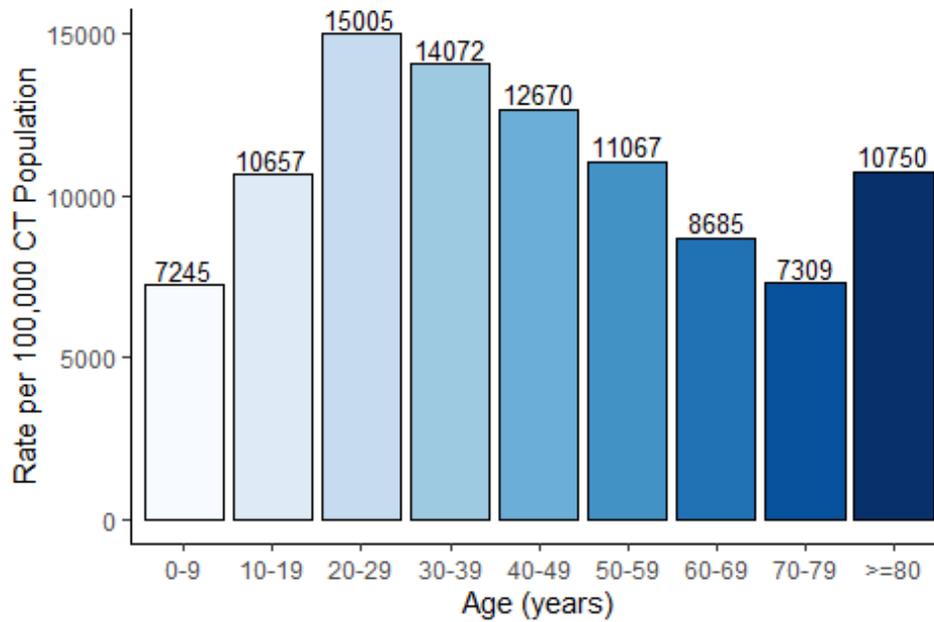
Rate of COVID-19-Associated Deaths Statewide and by County

As of 10/13/2021



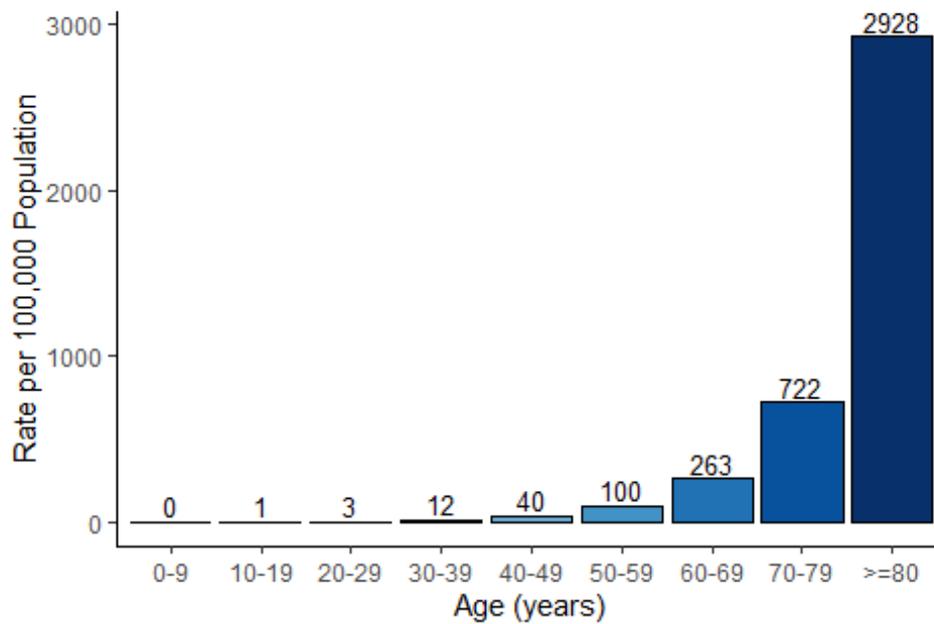
Rate of COVID-19 Cases by Age Group

As of 10/13/2021



Rate of COVID-19-Associated Deaths by Age Group

As of 10/13/2021



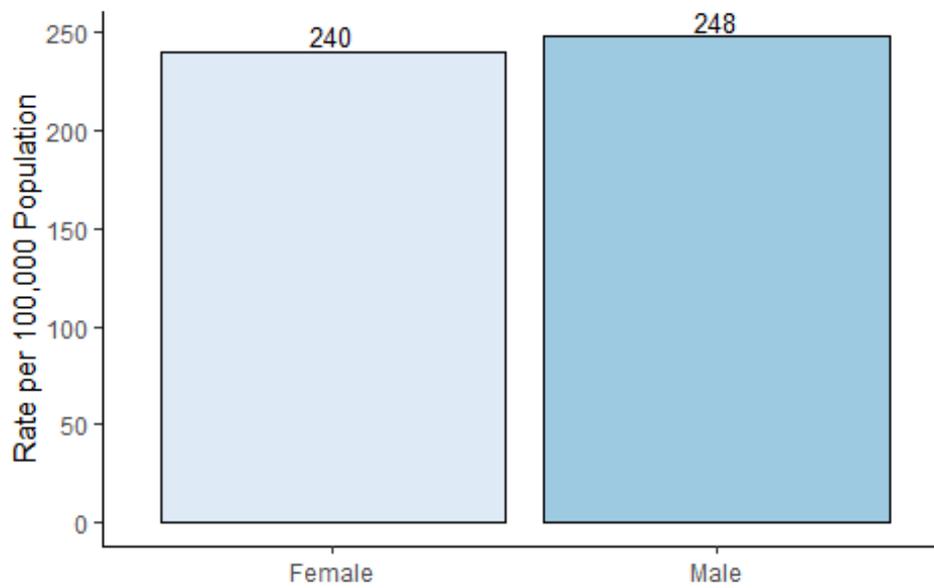
Rate of COVID-19 Cases by Gender

As of 10/13/2021

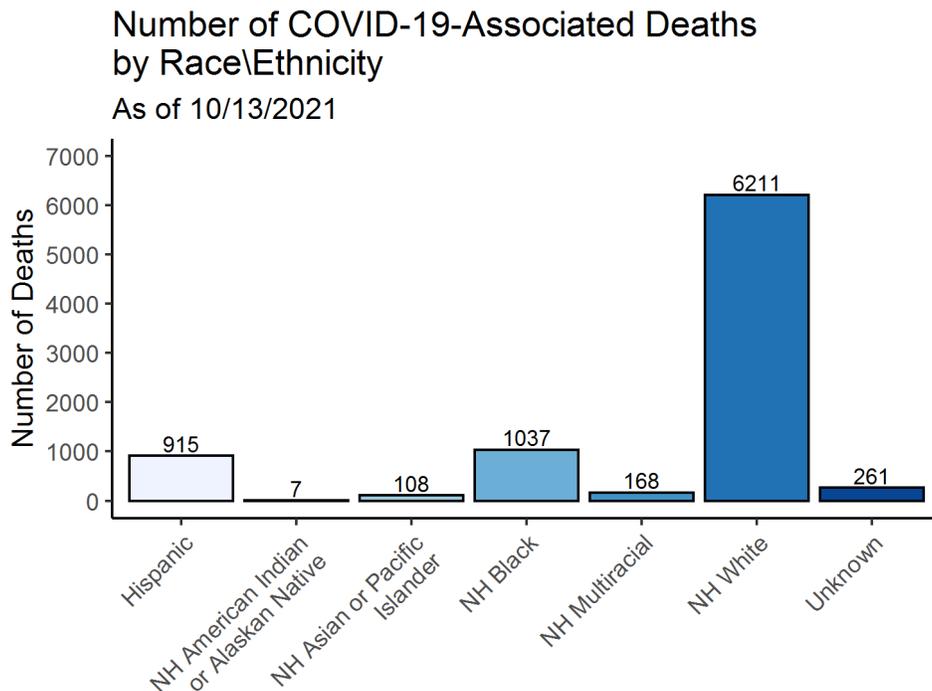
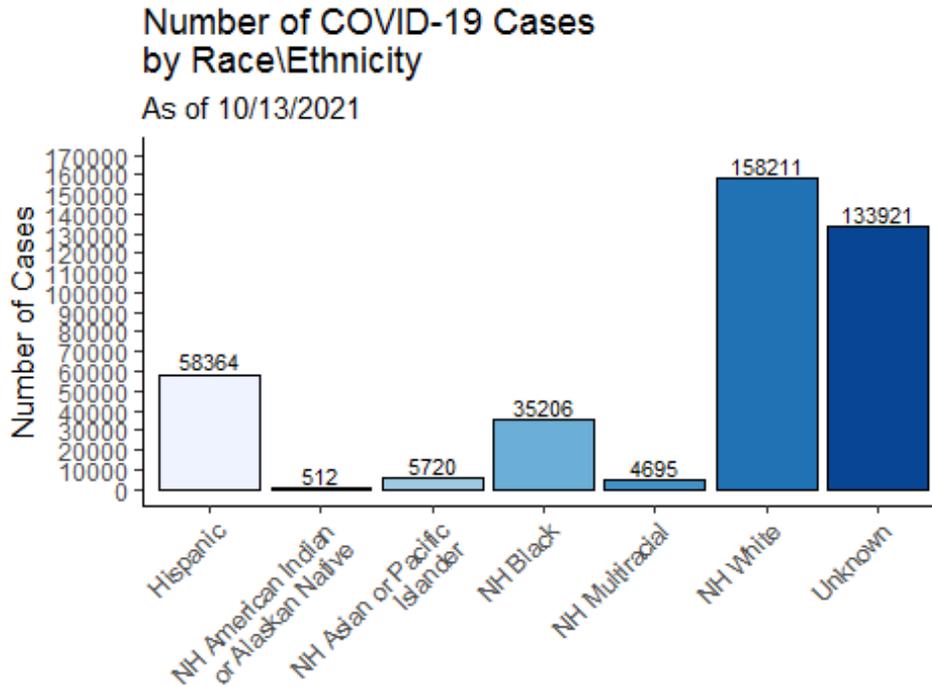


Rate of COVID-19-Associated Deaths by Gender

As of 10/13/2021

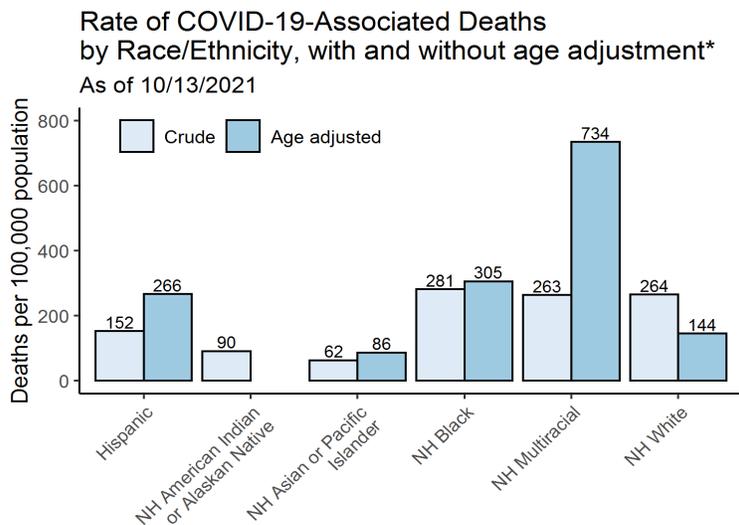
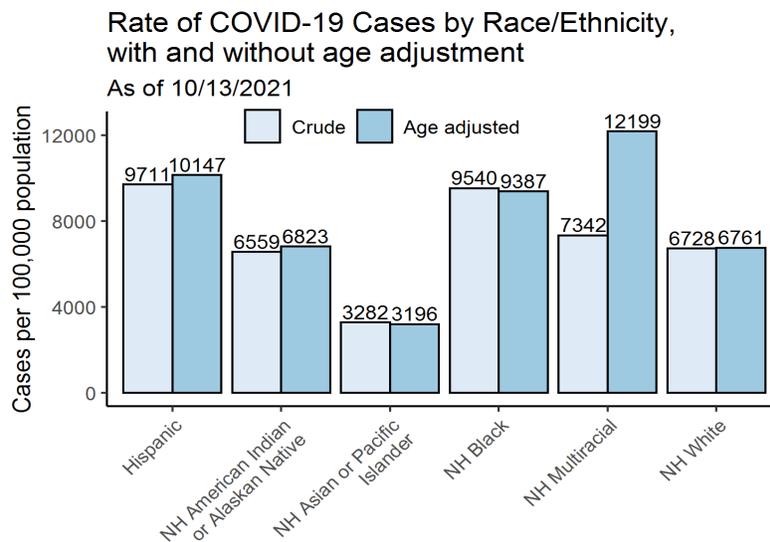


APPENDIX B. The following graphs show the number of cases and deaths by race and ethnicity. Categories are mutually exclusive. The category “multiracial” includes people who answered ‘yes’ to more than one race category. NH=Non-Hispanic



The following graphs show the number of COVID-19 cases and COVID-19-associated deaths per 100,000 population by race and ethnicity. Crude rates represent the total cases or deaths per 100,000 people. Age-adjusted rates consider the age of the person at diagnosis or death when estimating the rate and use a standardized population to provide a fair comparison between population groups with different age distributions. Age-adjustment is important in Connecticut as the median age of among the non-Hispanic white population is 47 years, whereas it is 34 years among non-Hispanic blacks, and 29 years among Hispanics. Because most non-Hispanic white residents who died were over 75 years of age, the age-adjusted rates are lower than the unadjusted rates. In contrast, Hispanic residents who died tend to be younger than 75 years of age which results in higher age-adjusted rates.

The 2018 Connecticut and 2000 US Standard Million populations were used for age adjustment; population estimates from: [DPH Population Statistics](#). Categories are mutually exclusive. Cases missing data on race/ethnicity are excluded from calculation of rates. NH=Non-Hispanic



**Age adjusted rates only calculated for groups with at least 30 deaths*